OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 26. NO. 20 PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1910 PAGES 1 TO 8

Phelps Dry Goods Co's.

Khaki Suiting for Outing Dresses

This works up nicely for Riding Habits, Fishing Cosumes, etc., is cool and wears well. Just the thing for that summer vacation trip. We also have Gauntlet Gloves for driving and horseback riding.

Dress Goods

Novelty Zephyr 30c. Barnaby Zephyr for Dresses 16c. Shimmer silk 30c. Embroidered Lissue 30c.

Radiente Foulard 35c. Home spun silk 30c. Poplin Batiste 30c. Tulle Francaise 50c. French Moire 35c. Flaxon--White Goods--20c-25 and 35c.

A complete line of Allover Lace and Net.

Silk and Lisle Gloves in White, Tan, Crown, Navy-Black.

Hosiery in all shades and makes.

Phelps Dry Goods Co.

The Only Recognized Leading Hostelry for Public and Commercial Travelers

Hotel Angeles

M. J. KERKES, Proprietor.

Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Spreads.

The only newly furnished hotel in the city and best accommodations. All patrons given special care and attention.

The only house in Port Angeles selling imported goods. Orders delivered free to all parts of the city.

We sell Coberger Beer in bottles.

$25 CASH
$10 PER MONTH
Buys Ten-Acre Homes

Of the finest vegetable and fruit land in western Washington; 30 minutes drive from postoffice at Port Angeles. This land will eventually become city property. Prices $50 to $65 per acre. TERMS $25 cash on on each 10 acre tract Balance $10 per month.

100 Lots in Mallette Second Addition. $10 cash on each lot. Balance $2.50 per manth. Price $65 and $75 per corners.

Further Particulars Write to

Chehalis Realty Company

Port Angeles, Washington

MRS. MUNN'S ADDRESS ON LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Told of Results Accomplished in Interest of the Boys of the Land.

Mrs. Margaret Munns, State Secretary of the W. C. T. U., spoke in the opera house Tuesday evening to an appreciative audience, on prohibition, and the evils of the liquor traffic.

The Union, said Mrs. Munns, has been working for years against this traffic; tons of literature have been sent out, until today every boy and girl in school who have gone through the intermediate grades know of the poisonous nature of intoxication, and the awakening now apparent promises to spread to every city and hamlet in the land. Results to date show that nine states are under absolute prohibition; seventy per cent. of the people are living in "dry" territory; one-half of the people have spoken on the question; 40,000,000 gallons less were manufactured last year; the government received $45,000,000 less revenue; 1,000,000,000 less drinks were taken; 11,000 saloons were put out of business.

State courts have decreed the business outlawed and with no inherent rights, and the United States Supreme Court has repeatedly held against the saloon. "No legislature," the court says, "can barter away the public health and the public morals."

Suppose for some reason, said the speaker, the furniture manufactures, textile and flour mills of the country, should be wiped out of existence, an appalling and almost fatal calamity would have befallen our people. On the other hand suppose all the breweries and distilleries and like institutions were wiped out, would we be harmed? No, a thousand times no. You will agree we would be infinitely better off, and if we could keep them from re-establishing themselves it would mean increased happiness and prosperity to our people. They are not wealth producers, they are destroyers; the capital invested in them if put into other business would give employment to from four to fifteen times more men.

Insurance companies, whose statistics are as near perfect as can be, will not insure a heavy drinker. Take, then, their figures between the moderate drinker, the man who never gets drunk, and the total abstainer, and you will find that the latter is rated twenty-four per cent. better risk than than the former. All kinds of employers of labor recognize this, and where it is possible to do so they are demanding employes that do not drink.

Mrs. Munns closed with the appeal that even if it were true that the liquor men pay some taxes, which is not true, would it not be better to pay our taxes with money however hard earned, than with the lives and souls of our boys and girls. Ninety per cent of the crime and debauchery of the land is traceable directly, or indirectly to the saloon and the liquor habit.

DEVELOPMENT WORK STILL PROGRESSING

D. O'Brien Has Crew at Work Sinking Wells to Bed Rock, Ready For Drills.

The future of Port Angeles and surrounding country is becoming brighter and brighter. Even our visiting neighbors rom across the Strait seem to have renewed faith in the future of our city. Mr. O'Brien, the coal prospector, now has a crew of men constantly at work on two wells that must be down to bed rock before the drill is started.

The work of establishing camp and preparing for drilling is now under full swing. The location is about three miles from the center of the city. The railroad engineer and mineral expert who has investigated this proposition with Mr. O'Brien, says the strata formation shows coal and that he believes its development will result in great things for this section.

The dance at A.A.A.Hall Saturday evening last, under auspices of the Ladies Literary Club, was a grand success, socially as well as financially. There was a large attendance, the music was fine, everybody had a good time, and the bridge fund of the Club was augmented to the tune of upwards of fifty dollars.

Register now! One registration at this time permits you to vote at the four elections held this year.

BREAKWATER NEEDED AT NEAH BAY

Keen Interest Felt in Fate of Item in Rivers and Harbors Bill Concerning Improvement.

Shipping men of the Coast are awaiting the fate of an item in the pending rivers and harbors bill providing for an examination by the United Stat s engineer of a proposed breakwater at Neah Bay in the vicinity of Cape Flattery, says the Times. From all parts of the world come vessels to Puget Sound, and there is no shipowner who is not interested in the measure to provide a port of refuge in the vicinity of the stormy cape. The examination will be made by Major C. W. Kutz, United States engineer in charge of this district.

The matter of a breakwater at Neah Bay was first taken up about twelve years a o. An examination and a plan and estimate of the cost were made in detail. The cost of the plan then proposed was approximately $2,000,000. The matter was favor bly reported to Congress, but that was as far as action went at that time, and as no money was then appropriated for the measure it lay inactive for several years. Last year shipping men of Puget Sound started an agitation which bids fair to bear fruit, the first result being the re-examination.

FRIDAY HARBOR DRY BY 2 TO 1

Three Saloons, Paying $700 License Each, Will Have to Close.

Friday Harbor, May 10.—Dry, 87; wet, 36, was the result of the local option election here today. It will mean the closing of three saloons which pay licenses of $700 each. The licenses of the saloons expire June 1. They are the only ones in the county.

Rev. Billy Sunday, the noted evangelist, now conducting a series of meetings in Bellingham, and a party of sixty from that city, reached Friday Harbor Monday to aid the "drys" in the local option campaign. When they arrived they found a "dry" town. The saloons were out of business for the day. Their owners and bartenders had chartered a boat and invited their friends to a picnic at Waldo island, after scattering hand bills stating that they desired all voters hearing Sunday to have clear heads and to be unprejudiced in receiving his message against the saloons. How that message was received by the people is told in the above headlines.

Mayor John A. Gellatly, of Wenatchee, spoke in the evening to the people at Friday Harbor. In a message to the people of Edmonds, just before that town voted "dry" in February, the Mayor not only spoke upon the moral aspects of the question but upon the effects which the abolition of saloons has upon business. Among other things, Mayor Gellatly said:

"Wenatchee, with her fifty-five hundred people has made an exceptionally satisfactory test of the dry town policy, and all our reliable citizens, whether "wet" or "dry" before election, agree that the removal of the saloons has caused no loss to the city either socially, morally, intellectually or financially. On the other hand, business is better than ever before.

"The moral tone is elevated one hundred per cent. Your wife, sister or daughter can now walk down the streets of Wenatchee without being in danger from insult, intentionally or otherwise, by some poor victim of liquor, who lodges himself with scores of his kind in front of the respectable saloon doors.

"Since the city went 'dry' but one man has been found drunk from liquor sold within the city; a few more have been picked up at the depot as they came from outside towns.

"The old gag that local option does not prohibit has been proven an empty myth. There are not ten quarts drank now where there were barrels before.

"No man has a right to live in any community and make it worse to govern by his having lived therein."

Mayor Gellatly will speak in Angeles in June.

OPERA HOUSE, FRIDAY, MAY 20.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dumont in Betsy and I are Out, and the Star's Dressing Room, two one act playletts, introducing plenty of good singing. Mrs. Dumont is well known here for her rare singing qualities. Those who have not heard her will have the opportunity to do so this coming week. Admission 35 and 50c. Tickets on sale Monday at Mathewson's.

...THE... Leader Department STORE

TO THE LADIES

We have just received a complete shipment of the Royal Worcester and Bon Ton Corsets. The most satisfactory corset manufactured. The best proof of this is that during the past year not a single corset has been returned to us. Our sales on this make increase at the rate of 25 per cent a month, which is another proof of their merit. If the above corsets are not what we say they are, the purchase price will be refunded at any time. TRY IT ONCE.

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS
$1.00, $1.50, $2.00, 2.50
BON TON CORSETS $3.00
CORSET WAISTS
Misses 50c, Ladies $1.00

TAILORED SUITS

For Misses and Women

Remain on sale Friday and Saturday. You have noticed our extremely low prices. We offer an extra discount of TEN PER CENT Regular $15.00 Suits are priced by us at $12.50, extra discounts bring this down to $11.25. Other suits at $15.00, $16.00, $18.00, $20.00 less extra discount Friday and Saturday.

SHIRT WAISTS

All specially priced, all well finished, embroidered and finished with fancy lace.

Priced 50c-75c-85c-$1.00-$1.25 1.50 1.75 up to $3.50.

CHINA SILK Waist in White and Cream, $2.00-2.50-3.00.

NET WAISTS in White and Echru, $4.00-5.00-6.00.

SILK CHIFFON Waists in Blue, Grey and Green, $7.50-8.00 8.50.

MESSALINE SILK Waists in Black and Brown, $5.50-6.00-6.50.

TAFFETA Waists in Navy. Green, Lavender, Black, Red, Grey and Black and White Stripe $4.50-5.00-5.50-5.75.

LADIES ONE-PIECE WASH DRESSES

In Sizes 32-34-36-38

White, Blue, Tan, Lavender and Green. If you have not seen them, come now, as wearing time is now here.

Prices range from 4.50-5.00-8.00-10.00.

A new shipment of Girls Dresses will arrive in a few days.

LADIES AND MISSES SHORT COATS

Are in great demand in light colors, our prices are such that they can be reached py all, priced $5-6-7.50.

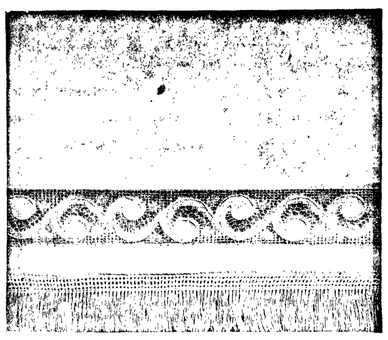
LADIES' SUMMER STOCKINGS—"Silk Lisle" Lisle Thread in White, Pink, Lavender and Green, 50c.

Black Lace Fancy Stockings, 50c.

Boys' Wool Suits ages 3 to 14 priced $2.25-2.50-3.25-4-4.75

Boys Pants 50c-60c-75c-$1.

Boys' Wash Suits 75 85c-$1-1.50-2.



WINDOW SHADES 30C-40C

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

Prospects for the passage of the postal savings bank bill are said to be improved.

The Nevada Consolidated Copper Company has applied to the New York stock exchange to list $9,939,000 stock.

pany announces that on June 1 it will increase the wages of its telegraph operators in all the important offices of its system.

The strike in the Cape Breton colliery districts has been called off by the United Mine Workers of America. It began July 6, 1909.

The Postal Telegraph-Cable Com-

As a result of settlement 40,000 union soft coal miners in Pittsburg district will return to work.

Theodore Roosevelt has received the degree of doctor of philosophy from the University of Norway. The honor greatly pleased Roosevelt.

The senate inquiry into the third degree practices of police will be conducted by Senators Curtis, Brown, Borah, Overman and Stone, who were appointed by the president.

After twelve years the battleship Maine is to be removed from Havana Harbor, and the bodies which went down with the vessel will be interred in the National cemetery at Arlington. A bill for this purpose has passed both houses.

The house committee on library has reported favorably the house bill to mark the Oregon trail, carrying out the cherished plan of Ezra Meeker, but cuts down the appropriation from $50,000 to $25,000. The work is to be done under the war department, which is authorized to accept and apply private subscriptions in addition to the appropriation.

In order to induce desirable immigrants to take up farming in Mexico, 87,000 acres of land under irrigation and ready for the plow will be sold to them by the Mexican government at cost price, amounting to $49 per acre, or the cost of putting the land under irrigation. In addition to this all taxes for 10 years will be remitted and all agricultural implements to be used on the tract will not be subject to import duties.

GROSSCUP FAVORS LAW TO DISTRIBUTE TRUST PROFITS

New York, May 7.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup, presiding jurist of the United States circuit court of appeals in Chicago, has returned from a trip to Europe and to Egypt.

Judge Grosscup evidently had thought about the trusts during his absence, for he remarked that the question had not been dealt with in the right way so far.

"There is a tendency to destroy the trusts," he said, "but it is inadvisable in the first place and impossible in the second. Trusts have grown and exist because of the natural course of human evolution. Trusts of themselves are not harmful. The solution seems to me to be in having such legislation as could cause their profits to be distributed.

"Legislation should be to restrict these profits to a living one only. Neither of the great political parties has dealt with this question correctly, for one pretends to be against the trusts and is secretly helping them and the other is making the false move of trying to destroy them.

"I doubt if the present attacks will solve the question, but the human race has always shown its capability to meet its own problems."

Judge Grosscup said that he had left Egypt a day before Mr. Roosevelt arrived, and he had not seen him at any time during his journey.

EMPEROR WILLIAM NOT TO ENTERTAIN ROOSEVELT

Berlin, May 9.—The emperor has now decided to accept Mr. Roosevelt's suggestion regarding the changes in the program for his reception in Berlin, and notified the American ambassador that he would not meet the former president at the railroad station and would not be able to receive him as his guest in the Berlin castle.

The emperor has also explained to Ambassador Hill that he is so overwhelmed by the death of King Edward that he regards it as improper to attend any of the dinners to be given in Mr. Roosevelt's honor, and therefore excuses himself with cordial assurance of regrets from being present at the dinner which the ambassador himself will give.

Would Bond All Lawyers.

Spokane, May 7.—Dundas Henderson, of Spokane, is making a campaign for a legislative enactment, to provide among other things that every lawyer shall give bond of not less than $5,000 as a guarantee of honesty upon his admission to the bar of Washington.

Washington State News Items

The new high school at Sunnyside will cost $30,500.

Snohomish county is to hold a local option election July 5.

Wenatchee is preparing to let contracts for $300,000 worth of street paving.

One June 15 Toppenish will vote on the matter of becoming a city of the third class.

Western Washington Sunday School association held its annual meeting at Seattle last week.

Tacoma citizens will be asked to vote $214,500 for the purpose of purchasing playgrounds and improving parks.

Everett spent more than a million dollars in street improvements last year and will spend nearly as much more this year.

Eighteen carloads of cattle were shipped from Toppenish last week for the Coast and for Alaska These shipments will continue regularly for the next few months.

Everett shingle mills, which have been operating in opposition to the general plan to shut down until standard prices return, have agreed to shut down for an indefinite period.

J. H. Clark, representing the Hewes Contracting Company, of Chicago, with a force of men has begun tearing up Chehalis pavement preparatory to laying the rails for the electric line to connect Chehalis to Centralia. The work is being pushed with vigor.

The international clericus of the seven Episcopal dioceses of the Pacific Coast will be held in Seattle in June.

The Seattle city council will take into the courts a case to compel the Seattle Electric and the Seattle-Everett interurban lines to exchange transfers.

Gross receipts of $604,086.80 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1910, is shown in the report of the Northern Express Company, to the Washington railroad commission. The state's tax of 5 per cent. totalled $80,204.34. For the preceding year the gross receipts were $559;241.20.

Following an inspection trip to the state rock crusher at Meskill, Lewis county, the state board of control announced that the entire product of the plant had been engaged by the Lewis county authorities for the present to be used on road work. The state sells the rock at 50 cents a yard.

The supply of jute bags at the state prison this year has been exhausted, according to Warden Reed, and no more orders will be taken.

The sum of $9,857 has been appropriated by the King county commissioners, to be used on the work of macadamizing the county road between North 65th street and Bothell.

SENATOR BOURNE LAUDS OREGON'S ELECTION LAW

Washington, May 7.—Charges that a former high government official tried to tamper with the Oregon legislature by trading federal offices for votes, were made in the senate Friday by Senator Jonathan Bourne of Oregon.

Bourne discussed the success of real popular government in Oregon. One of the most severe tests, he said, came when the people elected a republican legislature, which later endorsed Geo. E. Chamberlain, a democrat, for the United States senate. Bourne declared that 51 out of 90 members of the legislature had been pledged to carry out the mandate of the voters.

"Yet efforts were made," said Bourne, "to dishonor state and public servants. During the session of the legislature, a former government official and an assistant of the chairman of the republication national committee (Frank H. Hitchcock, present postmaster general, is the chairman) appeared, and I am informed, promised federal appointments to the legislators who would disregard their pledges.

"The offers were made by enemies of the law, to create the impression that, by reason of this person's relations with the chairman of the republican national committee, he would be able to deliver the federal appointments in case any of the 51 pledged legislators sold their honor and betrayed their trust.

"I think that all will agree that the times seem awry. There is unrest throughout the civilized world.

"My opinion is that the basic cause is that people have lost confidence in many public servants, and bitterly resent the attempted dictatorship of would-be political bosses and representatives of special interests.

"At the time of President Roosevelt's inauguration the tendency was to measure national prosperity by property, rather than by personal liberty. The commercial forces of society were rapidly throttling the power of the government. Political machines and bosses dictated legislative and administrative destinies in many communities and states."

North Yakima, May 7.—To discuss the proposition of the county commisioners of Yakima county to bond the county in the sum of $625,000 to build permanent trunk roads through the county, prominent taxpayers and other persons have been asked to meet with the commissioners at the June meeting. The proposition will be voted on at the general election next fall.

KING EDWARD VII PASSES ON; GEORGE V REIGNS IN HIS STEAD

The Dead Monarch

Born in Buckingham palace, on November 9, 1841.

Made a tour of United States and Canada in 1869.

Married Princess Alexandra of Denmark, March 10, 1863.

Assumed the throne on death of Queen Victoria, January 22, 1901.

Reigned nine years.

The New King

Born in Marlborough house on June 3, 1865.

Became heir apparent in 1892, when his brother died.

Married on July 16, 1892, to Princess Victoria May of Teck.

Visited Canada in 1908 to attend celebration in Quebec.

London, May 7.—Edward VII, King of the English, died at 11:45 o'clock last night.

The Prince of Wales is king, assuming the title of George V, and will take the oath before the privy council at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Coming so suddenly, the death of the king cannot but bring the greatest sorrow to the nation in whose hearts Edward, first as Prince of Wales, and afterwards as sovereign, held first place.

Edward VII's short reign has been a history of stirring times. It opened with the conclusion of peace after a long and trying campaign in South Africa, and concludes at the crisis of one of the most momentuous political struggles of modern times between the peers and commons. In a day the political outlook of Great Britain has been revolutionized.

Gathered around the bedside of the dying king were the queen and the princesses. No hope had been held out through the day for the recovery of his majesty, whose death, it is believed, was due to pneumonia, following bronchitis, contracted shortly after his return from Biaritz. Only a day or two ago the king was conducting the business of state and giving orders, but on Wednesday he was compelled to submit to physician's orders. Since then until the end, his decline was rapid.

King Edward VII returned to England from a vacation ten days ago, apparently in the best of health. He was seriously ill hardly more than three days.

Lord Mayor Notified

The Prince of Wales succeeded to the throne immediately, according to the laws of the kingdom, without official ceremony. His first official act in pursuance of custom, was to despatch to the lord mayor the announcement of his father's death. His telegram read:

"I am deeply grieved to inform you that my beloved father, the king, passed away peacefully at 11:34 tonight. (Signed.) GEORGE."

The physicians soon afterwards issued their official bulletin.

One of the last utterances attributed to King Edward was: "Well, it is all over, but I think I have done my duty."

He seemed then to have reached a full realization that death was approaching.

Meeting of Privy Councillors.

A meeting of the privy councillors took place at St. James Palace at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the councillors with "one voice and the consent of tongue and heart proclaim that the high and mighty Prince George is now, by the death of the late sovereign of happy memory, become our lawful and rightful liege lord, George V., by the grace of God, king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, defender of the faith and Emperor of India, to whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience, with all hearty and humble affection beseeching God, by whom kings and queens do reign, to bless the royal prince, George V., with long and happy years to reign over us."

The new king, after this proclamation, addressed the council and promised to reign as constitutional sovereign. At the conclusion of the meeting King George issued his first proclamation, requiring all officials to proceed with their duties. Formerly all offices, including the councillors, were vacated on the death of the sovereign.

Swear Allegiance.

The aldermen of the city of London attended the council and swore allegiance.

The court will go into mourning for six months.

So sudden was the king's death that most of the high government officials were absent. Premier Asquith cannot reach London from Spain before Monday.

It is the duty of the members of both houses of parliament to meet as soon as they can assemble to take the oath of allegiance and receive the message of the king. Speaker Lowther, of the house of commons, however, is in Constantinople.

What Will the New King Do?

Thoughts of England turn largely toward the new king—what policies he is likely to follow, what are the prospects of a successful reign?

George V. never has been as well known or as close to the people as his father was when he was Prince of Wales. Hence he never was so popular. His nature is shy and retiring and he is not so much a man of the world as was his father.

Nothing about King Edward appealed to the British masses more strongly than his devotion to sport. Prince George appears to care less for it than the average Englishman. He reached his maturity as the grandson of the sovereign, which gave him little opportunity to participate in public affairs, but he has become more active during the last five years. He has been a constant attendant at parliament and followed the debates on the house of lords question closely. He has made many public speeches before nonpolitical organizations in the last two or three years, and has thereby gained a stronger hold on the people.

Known as Good Speaker.

The Prince of Wales was best known as a good speaker and a traveler. He lacked the useful experience of actual touch with the national affairs which Edward gained during the life of Queen Victoria. At the same time, in the course of long experience in the naval srevice and wide travels in all the dominions of the empire, he has gained a full knowledge and understanding and sympathy with the national and imperial aspirations.

The dominant characteristics in the new king are said to be the love of country and of home, and it is predicted that his court will be smaller and less representative than King Edward's.

Must Abandon Events

Besides the social gloom which the king's death casts over England, several important and long-planned official events must be abandoned. The Prince and Princess of Wales were to go to South Africa with the squadron, and the prince was to open the first parliament of the new confederation, but his accession to the throne will now prevent this.

The death of his majesty also will mean the abandonment of the principal functions of former President Roosevelt's tour.

The official receptions and the embassy entertainments will be cancelled and the presentation of the freedom of the city and the luncheon at the Guild Hall probably will be given up If Mr. Roosevelt's visit to England is carried out it will be shorn of all display.

Roosevelt's German Visit Postponed

Telegrams from Berlin say the German emperor will proceed to England, and that Mr. Roosevelt's visit to Berlin must be postponed.

Public opinion doubtless will demand that the Liberals' programme for reforming the house of lords, with a possible appeal to the crown to make the most important decision a sovereign has been called upon to make in many years, shall be laid aside for a long time. They would be opposed to thrusting upon King Edward's successor at the very beginning of his reign, when he was first grappling with important routine work, a question so vital to the future of the empire.

Throughout the nine years of King Edward's reign the issue of tariff reform versus free trade, inaugurated by the famous Chamberlain speech in May, 1903, has been continuously under discussion. The close of the year 1902 saw the end of the long Salisbury administration and the accession of Balfour to the premiership.

SAN DIEGO COMPROMISES.

San Francisco to Have World's Fair, Other Gets Exposition.

San Diego, Cal., May 9.—The question of ratifying the compromise arrangement at Washington by exposition representatives of San Diego and San Francisco was submitted Saturday night to a mass meeting of subscribers to the San Diego Exposition stock.

Brief speeches were made explaining the terms of the arrangement under which San Francisco and San Diego are to co-operate with each other, San Francisco to have a world's fair and San Diego an industrial exposition.

Resolutions were adopted ratifying the compromise and urging the people of this city to support the proposed issue of $1,000,000 in bonds for exposition purposes. The action of the meeting was virtually unanimous.

FEDERAL SUPREME COURT DECISION AGITATES LAWYERS

Washington, May 9.—Criminal lawyers throughout the country are said to be agitated over the action of the supreme court of the United States in inaugurating what is designated as a new era in the punishment of criminals—that of requiring punishment to be proportionate to the offense.

The agitation among the the legal profession arises from the decision of the court last Monday, when for the first time in its history, it set at liberty a person convicted of an offense because there had been inflicted upon him "a cruel and unusual punishment."

It was in the case of Paul Weems, an official in the lighthouse service in the Philippines. His case came under the bill of rights of the island. The court announced that it must give the same interpretation to that bill of rights as "given to the eighth amendment to the constitution." Thereupon it proceeded to construe this amendment prohibiting "a cruel and unusual punishment."

ROOSEVELT TALKS ON PEACE

SPEAKS AT CHRISTIANIA, NORWAY, BEFORE THE NOBEL PRIZE COMMITTEE.

Suggests American Constitution and Supreme Court as Models Worthy Consideration in Formation of International Court—Peace League Would Be Master Stroke.

Christiania, May 7.—Before the nations of the world Theo. Roosevelt held up the constitution of the United States and the supreme court as models which might well be followed in forming a federation of the world's civilized nations to preserve international peace and justice.

He spoke before the Nobel prize committee on the theme, "International Peace."

"If I may venture the suggestion, it would be well for the statesmen of the world, in planning for the erection of the world court, to study what has been done in the United States by the supreme court," he said. "I cannot help thinking that the constitution of the United States, notably in the establishment of the supreme court and in the methods adopted for securing peace and good relations among and between the different states, offers certain analogies to what should be striven for in order to secure through The Hague courts and conferences, a species of world federation for international peace and justice.

American Constitution.

"The method adopted in the American constitution to prevent hostilities between the states and to secure the supremacy of the federal court in certain classes of cases, are well worth the study of those who seek at The Hague to obtain the same results on a world scale."

The right kind of fighting held as much place in the address of Col. Roosevelt as did the right kind of peace-making.

There are some kinds of peace that Roosevelt doesn't like, and he told the committee so.

"Peace is generally good in itself," he said, "but it is never the highest good unless it comes as the handmaid of righteousness; and it becomes an evil thing if it serves merely as a mask for cowardice and sloth, or as an instrument to further the ends of despotism or anarchy.

"We despise and abhor the bully, the brawler and the oppressor, whether in private or public life; and we despise no less the coward and the voluptuary.

"No man is worth calling a man who will not fight rather than submit to infamy or see those that are dear to him suffer wrong. No nation deserves to exist if it permits itself to lose the stern and virile virtues; and this without regard to whether the loss is due to the growth of a heartless and all-absorbing commercialism, to prolonged indulgence in luxury and soft, effortless ease, or to the deification of a warped and twisted sentimentality.

"I feel that I have the right to have my words taken seriously when I point out where, in my judgment, great advance can be made in the cause of international peace.

Arbitration Treaties.

"First of all, there can be treaties of arbitration. There are, of course, states so backward that a civilized nation ought not to enter into an arbitration treaty with them, at least until we have gone much further in securing some kind of international police action. But all really civilized communities should have effective arbitration treaties among themselves. I believe that these treaties can cover almost all questions liable to arise between such nations, if they are drawn with the explicit agreement that each contracting party will respect the other's territory and its absolute sovereignty within that territory and the equally explicit agreement that (aside from the very rare cases where the nation's honor is vitally concerned) all other possible subjects of controversy will be submitted to arbitration."

Mr. Roosevelt advocated a further development of The Hague tribunal and of the work of the conferences and courts at The Hague.

"Something should be done to check the growth of armaments, especially of naval armaments, by international agreement," said Col. Roosevelt. "No one power could or should act by itself, for it is eminently undesirable, from the standpoint of the peace of righteousness, that a power which really does believe in peace should place itself at the mercy of some rival which may, at bottom, have no such belief and no intention of acting on it.

Sincerity of Purpose.

"But, granted sincerity of purpose, the great powers of the world should find no insurmountable difficulty in reaching an agreement which would put an end to the present costly and growing extravagance of expenditure on naval armaments. An agreement merely to limit the size of ships would have been very useful a few years ago, and would still be of use; but the agreement should go much further."

However, he concluded, each nation must keep well prepared to defend itself until the establishment of some form of international police power, competent and willing to prevent violence as between nations.

Master Stroke in Peace League.

"Finally, it would be a master stroke if those great powers honestly bent on peace would form a league of peace, not only to keep the peace among themselves, but to prevent, by force if necessary, its being broken by others. The supreme difficulty in connection with developing the peace work of The Hague arises from the lack of any executive power, of any police power to enforce the decrees of the court. In any community of any size the authority of the courts rests upon actual or potential force; on the existence of a police, or on the knowledge that the able-bodied men of the country are both ready and willing to see that the decrees of judicial and legislative bodies are put into effect.

When Arms Are Necessary.

"In new and wild communities where there is violence, an honest man must protect himself; and until other means of securing his safety are devised, it is both foolish and wicked to persuade him to surrender his arms while the men who are dangerous to the community retain theirs. He should not renounce the right to protect himself by his own efforts until the community is so organized that it can effectively relieve the individual of the duty of putting down violence. So it is with nations. Each nation must keep well prepared to defend itself until the establishment of some form of international police power, competent and willing to prevent violation as between nations.

"As things are now, such power to command peace throughout the world could best be assured by some combination between those great nations which sincerely desire peace and have no thought themselves of committing aggressions. The combination might at first be only to secure peace within certain definite conditions; but the ruler or statesman who should bring about such a combination would have earned his place in history for all time and his title to the gratitude of all mankind."

TREATY SHOULD CHECK BOUNDARY DISPUTES

Washington, May 7.—The exchange of ratifications of the treaty of January 11, 1909, between the United States and Great Britain, known as the international waterways treaty, was announced by the state department Friday.

This traty was approved by the United States senate March 3, 1909.

Its declared purpose is to "prevent disputes regarding the use of boundary waters and settle all questions now pending between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, involving the rights, obligations or interests of either in regard to the other, or to the inhabitants of the other, along their common frontier, a distance of 3,000 miles, and to make provision for the adjustment and settlement of all such questions as may hereafter arise."

The treaty accomplishes these purposes, as follows:

It confers on both countries mutual rights of free navigation on all boundary waters being defined as waters of the lakes and rivers and connecting waterways along which the international boundary between the United States and Canada extends.

It gives residents on each side the same remedies in the courts of each country, for injuries resulting from diversions or obstructions of water on the other side of the boundary, that they would have in the courts of the respective countries if they were residents on different sides of state or provincial boundaries.

HEAD OF GREAT UNIVERSITY ROOSEVELT'S AMBITION

Washington, May 7.—Col. Roosevelt's final ambition is to establish in Washington a national university endowed by unlimited capital, of which he may remain the active head so long as he lives. This was the statement made here by a man who has been in close touch with the former president, and who professes to know much of his plans for the future.

According to the report, Andrew Carnegie is to head several hundred men of wealth, whose money will make the plan feasible. It is rumored that Carnegie already has expressed himself as willing to look further into the project.

The curriculum of the institution will include an opportunity for comparative and technical study of national problems, particularly those of finance, tariff and other branches of national and international economics. The department of international law, health and various research bureaus also are mentioned as possible adjuncts.

POPULATION OF COUNTRY ESTIMATED AT 91,424,423

According to a Washington dispatch there are 15,121,036 more people in the United States today than there were in 1900, according to an unofficial announcement made by the census office today.

This means that the population of our country, as shown by the 1910 census will be 91,424,423. The population in 1900 was 76,303,387. This is within nine millions of double the population in 1880 and is three times the number of people in the United States at the opening of the civil war.

LAMPING IS GIVEN FREE HAND

GOVERNOR DELEGATES SETTLEMENT OF STATE GUARD TROUBLES TO ADJUTANT.

No Military Organization Can Be Successful When Politics Is Allowed to Enter—Lamping Expected to Eliminate It from Washington Organization.

An Olympia special dispatch to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer states that after a conference with Adjt. Gen. George B. Lamping, Gov. Hay took action in the trouble in the National Guard by giving Gen. Lamping a free hand in the reorganization of the guard. His action, while it has been followed by no official announcement, will mean, it is said, that Col. Otto A. Case, Capt. Maurice W. Thompson and other officers who have not been in harmony with the adjutant general's office, will shortly be relieved from all duty in connection with the National Guard.

Governor Makes Statement.

Gov. Hay issued an official statement in connection with the matter. He said:

"At the time Col. Lamping was asked to take the adjutant generalship, and I had resolved to remove the then adjutant general, I made three statements to him: First, that I was disgusted with the way the guard was conducted; second, that I wanted all politics elminiated from the guard; and, third, that I wanted him to take charge and build up the guard to make it one of the most efficient in the country, and likewise that I did not want to be bothered with the details.

"When he took charge the guard was at low ebb on account of his predecessor not giving proper attention to it. He had to spend all summer in checking up the Hamilton account and was forced to make a trip to Washington, D. C. This necessarily kept him very busy.

"I expect him to handle the guard and not to bother me with it.

Politics in Guard.

"There has been some complaint brought to me from various officers of the National Guard, and to learn conditions I have gone into the matter thoroughly with various officers throughout the state, fully realizing that this was not strictly military, but I desired to learn the true conditions. After fully investigating conditions, there is no doubt in my mind there has been some politics brought into the National Guard, which I desire eliminated.

"No military organization can be successful wherein politics is allowed to enter in any manner. I have instructed Gen. Lamping to use his best endeavors to eliminate all politics from the organization. The National Guard for the past year has been in the process of reorganization, and I believe he is using his best endeavors so to organize the military department as to make it a most efficient and well organized National Guard."

The action of the governor brings to a crisis the trouble that has been brewing in the guard practically since the appointment of Gen. Lamping, after the Hamilton expose. Matters became acute within the past two weeks, and a week ago a number of officers in the guard, including Maj. E. G. Griggs, Lieut. Col. Matt H. Gormley and Maj. William Inglis, went to Olympia for a conference with the governor. They were followed last Saturday by a party of officers headed by Col. Otto Case, who presented their side of the case. While there Col. Case gave the newspapers an interview wherein he set forth a plan of submitting the choice of an adjutant general to the officers of the guard.

Other Officers May Suffer.

When he had heard both sides of the controversy the governor was apparently satisfied with the course so far taken by Gen. Lamping, and in giving him full swing to carry out his plans give him authority to remove those of the officers as have not been in harmony with him. It is not likely that other prominent officers than Col. Case and Capt. Thompson will be deprived of their authority, although some of the junior officers who have been affiliated with the so-called Case faction may lose their commissions.

Adj. Gen. Lamping's Statement.

Adjt. Gen. George B. Lamping returned from his conference with Gov. M. E. Hay last Tuesday night. He stated that within the next few days a radical reorganization will take place in the National Guard.

"Gov. Hay has given me full power to act for him and instructed me to put the guard on a basis of military discipline," said Lamping. "In carrying out these plans I am acting for the governor. Politics will be eliminated from the National Guard and several changes will be made in the present organization. The form of regimental organization will not be changed. Until my orders are issued I can not say what changes will be made."

Gen. Lamping believes that politics have played too large a part in the National Guard affairs. He plans to put the guard back on a basis of strictly military discipline. To do so he has no option but to remove the men who sought his own removal and whom he believes have used the guard for political purposes.

COSTA RICAN CITY IN RUINS

GREATER PORTION OF CARTAGO LEVELED BY EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

Among the Buildings Destroyed Was Carnegie"s Palace of Justice—Telegraphic Communication Cut Off—Shocks Were General Throughout Central America.

San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, May 7.—A large part of Cartago, Costa Rico, was destroyed Thursday night by a powerful earthquake. Details are meager, as the telegraph wires have been leveled between San Jose and Cartago. The operators at the latter place were killed.

Scores of Buildings Down.

It is known that at least 500 persons are dead and many hundreds injured. Scores of buildings were thrown down, among them the palace of justice, erected by Andrew Carnegie.

The wife and children of Dr. Bocanegra, the Guatemalan representative at the Central American arbitration court, have been killed. The earthquake continues and panic reigns.

Some Injured in San Jose.

San Jose also has been shaken and some of the buildings have been damaged, but no deaths are reported there. Some persons were slightly injured.

Shocks also were felt at several points in Nicaragua near the Costa Rican frontier. Reports reaching here state that there is much suffering in Cartago.

EARTHQUAKE DEATH LIST FOOTS UP ABOUT 2,500

San Jose, Costa Rica, May 9.—Up to noon Sunday 800 bodies had been taken from the ruins of the houses overthrown in the earthquake last Wednesday at Cartago. The estimate of the dead last evening placed the number at 1,500. It is possible this will be exceeded.

Large forces which have gone to Cartago from San Jose and other points are now engaged in the work of rescue and even today several living persons were taken from under the piles of stones and timbers where dwellings once stood.

The number of sick and injured cannot be counted, many of them being removed to adjoining towns and villages and since the disaster scores have died from their injuries.

Dr. Bocacangra, the Gautemalan representative to the Central American court of justice, was demented when removed from the ruins Sunday.

Paraiso, a village of 2,000 people, about eighteen miles east of San Jose, also suffered severely from the earth shocks, reports reaching here indicating that nearly 1,000 persons were killed. Large fissures that have opened up in Cartago province have given additional cause for alarm. Ten thousand persons are homeless, and severe rains and lack of food and drinking water are responsible for much suffering.

The ceremony attending the inauguration of Ricardo Jiminez as president of Costa Rica took place Sunday on one of the plazas in San Jose, owing to the fact that the people feared to enter the government building.

FEDERAL SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS STATE RIGHTS

The hands of the states in their fight against "trusts" have been upheld by the supreme court of the United States with telling effect the past week, according to Washington press dispatches.

The Association of Retail Lumber Dealers in Mississippi and Louisiana was disbanded by affirmation of the decree of the supreme court of Mississippi; the Standard Oil Company of Kentucky was ousted from Tennessee by the approval of the decree of the supreme court of Tennessee. Both, the state courts had held, violated the anti-trust act of the respective states.

Justice Lurton announced the opinion of the court in the Mississippi case. It was his first utterance from the supreme court bench on the trust question. He accepted the findings of the state courts and considered only whether the statute was in conflict with the fourteenth amendment by abridging the freedom of contract.

"That any one of the persons engaged in the retail lumber business might have made a fixed rule of conduct not to buy his stock from a producer or wholesaler who should sell to the consumers in competition with himself, is plain," said the justice. "No law which would infringe his freedom of contract in that particular would stand.

"But when the plaintiffs in error combine and agree that no one of them will trade with any producer or wholesalers who shall sell to a consumer in the trade range of any of them, quite another case is presented.

"An act harmless when done by anyone may become a public wrong when done by many acting in concert, for it then takes on the form of conspiracy and may be prohibited or punished if the result be hurtful to the public or to the individual against whom the concerted action is directed."

INITIATIVE ASKED FOR PEOPLE

STATE DIRECT LEGISLATION LEAGUE SECRETARY ISSUES LETTER.

Urges That Candidate Be Pledged to Vote for Initiative and Referendum Laws—Not to Abolish Legislature, but to Be Used as Check—Several States Already Enjoy Such Privilege.

Christopher W. Horr, executive secretary of the Direct Legislation League of the State of Washington, has issued the following letter:

"Shall the people in this state have, what those in Oregon, Maine, the two Dakotas, Montana, Missouri, Oklahoma and some other states have secured, the right to propose a desired law for public discussion and vote? That is, shall the voters have a right to take the initiative in making a law which the people want, and which the state legislature has not seen fit to enact?

"It is some work to devise a good law, to write out its full text and to obtain for it the attested signature of 8 per cent. of all the legal voters in the state. No one is going to undertake so much work unless there appears to be sound reason why the law should exist; nor unless there is expectation that a majority of the people will vote for it when it comes to them for approval or disapproval at the next election. The referendum is the referring of an unsettled question to the voters for their decision; and no law proposed through the initiative can take effect until it is approved by majority vote in referendum. To secure the right of initiative and referendum is the only sure way for the people to get such laws as they want.

The Veto Power

"Is it fair or right that the people should be compelled by the action of legislature to live under laws that are injurious or unjust? The people should have the power to veto any harmful law that the legislature enacts. If, at any time within ninety days after a law has been enacted by the legislature, so many as 5 per cent. of the voters demand by petition that the said law, or some part of it, shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, then the said law should be suspended until the next regular election, when the voters may decide by majority vote whether the enacted law shall stand. The people may thus control the making of all laws, except such as are necessary for the immediate preservation of peace, health or safety.

The right of initiative and referendum does not do away with the legislature, but it prevents the legislature imposing upon the people certain laws that the people do not want, and it enables the people to secure all laws that they believe to be desirable.

"There are wise, far-sighted, humanity-loving men outside of the legislature. Among the people of the state taken together, and including those in the legislature, there is more wisdom than is possessed by the hundred and fifty men who may make laws at Olympia. It is best for the state that all the wisdom it contains should be utilized in the making of its laws.

Can Overrule Corruptionists

"When money speaks to a legislature it may corrupt a majority therein and secure legislation that exploits the people at large. But money cannot induce a majority of all the electors to vote against their own interests, and no law that is against the interests of the majority is likely to pass a referendum vote. If the voters make a mistake the right of initiative and referendum enables them to correct the mistake quickly. We should have the initiative and referendum.

"How may the people of this state secure the right of using the initiative and referendum in law-making? By electing to the next legislature only candidates who agree to further the plan of making an amendment to the state constitution, which, if carried by majority vote in referendum at the election of 1911, will give the people of this state a 'square deal' in the making of laws.

To Broaden Existing Power

"The state constitution can be changed only by referendum vote, on an amendment put before the people by the legislature. The constitution requires a referendum vote for its own amendment, but does not permit a referendum vote on state laws. The constitution must be amended to permit the application of the initiative and referendum to all law making.

"Stir up the attention of your fellow citizens, urging them to elect to the next legislature only those candidates who will pledge themselves to the said amendment to the constitution.

"Whenever, in other states, such an amendment of their state constitution has been offered by the legislature to the vote of the people, the amendment has been carried by an overwhelming vote of something like eight or elevn to one.

"To pledge the candidates is the first step. See to it that your candidate is so pledged."

Very few fat people seem to take things seriously.

THE VOICES.

I hear the voice of the city
Calling again and again,
And into her arms there hastened
Millions and millions of men.

And I heard the voice of old gardens,
Of quiet woodland ways;
But few there were who would heed them
In the rush of the busy days.

The cities grow old and vanish,
And their people faint and die;
But the gardens are green forever,
Forever blue is the sky.
—Charles Hanson Towne.

The Indian Idol

It was in our bachelor days and we shared a set of chambers in one of the London squares; when Browning had not attained the high rank in his profession that is his to-day—the dreaded Nemesis of all criminals, the expert to whom the detectives of Europe come for assistance and advice.

I had just returned from a week's holiday in Scotland to find Browning awaiting me on the platform at King's Cross. His face wore a worried look.

"I've just driven down from Cadogan place. I've got an important case on."

"What is it?" I asked.

"I'll tell you about it when we get home."

When the cab put us down at our chambers, he opened the door and led the way into our sitting room. Then he took off his overcoat and flung it across a chair.

"You know how strained the relations are between England and —— that the House had three all-night sittings last week, discussing the situation?"

"Yes," I said.

"You know that a crisis has only been averted by the diplomacy of one man?"

"Lord Quinton—the foreign secretary." Browning poked the fire into

"I THINK HE WAS MURDERED."

a blaze, and then looked at me, the poker resting in his hand. "He was found murdered this morning, and I have been engaged on the case all day —called in by Scotland Yard."

"Have you any idea how the crime was committed, and why?"

"None; we are all working in the dark. There are four of us engaged on it; three men from Scotland Yard and myself."

Browning paused. "There are some extraordinary features about the case, features which contradict one another. At half-past 9 he had breakfast with his wife; at 10:15 he went into his study; at half-past he was found on the floor dead, a half-smoked cigar between his fingers. Death must have been instantaneous, since the look on his face was a normal one."

Browning flicked the ash off his cigarette. "We can really tell nothing until after the post mortem tomorrow. He may have died of heart failure; one of the men from the yard is inclined to that view. Personally, I think he was murdered."

"By someone in the employ of a foreign power?"

He was silent for a moment. Then, "I should like you to see his study; it's a perfect museum of curiosities. Carving from China, inlaid work from Japan and India. Standing in one corner is a most beautiful model of a pagoda, carved by natives; it must be worth hundreds of pounds. And his ash-tray is a bronze representation of a native god, holding a metal tray depicting the world."

The next afternoon at 5 o'clock Browning returned from the post mortem examination.

"I was right on one point," he said to me on entering. "Lord Quinton died from the effects of poison. The next thing is to find the murderer."

That evening we received a visit from Inspector Turnbull of Scotland Yard.

Browning handed his cigarette case across the table. "First of all, Inspector, I should like to hear your views—you smoke?"

The detective took a cigarette. "To be candid, Mr. Browning, I'm hanged if I know what to make of it."

"It is somewhat perplexing," he said. "If we sift all the evidence we have at our disposal, I think we can only come to one conclusion, at any rate, as to the motive. As far as we can gather, Lord Quinton had no enemies; there was no one likely to do him any injury. He was happily married." Browning smiled cynically.

"True,every man is supposed to have a skeleton in his cupboard, but we have searched his private papers, and can find no evidence. No, we must go farther afield for motive. You know the political position as well as I do, Inspector."

Doctor Turnbull nodded.

"But perhaps you have not heard of Kruegel?"

"The great secret service agent?"

"But did you know he left for his own country the morning after the murder?"

"You did not tell me."

"I should not dare to offer my poor knowledge to Scotland Yard," he said. "Besides, it was your place to find it out as much as mine."

We sat up discussing the case until past midnight, but with no satisfactory result.

Browning had been smoking in silence for a few moments. "Inspector," he said suddenly, "will you meet me at Lord Quinton's house at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and we'll go through the case together? I'll be Lord Quinton, and act as I think he acted on the morning he was murdered. It may give us a hint that will put us on the right track."

I went round next morning to Cadogan place with Browning, and there punctually at 10 o'clock we were joined by Inspector Trumbull.

For a few minutes the two detectives discussed the case together. Inspector Turnbull was absolutely stolid at times.

"I cannot for the life of me see what good it can do us to go through that play-acting," he said, when Browning suggested we should commence.

My friend smiled. "Then you must watch it just to humor me." A seriousness came into his voice. "It may all lead to nothing, but it may give us the very clew, for which we are looking."

"Exactly," said the representative of Scotland Yard.

Browning walked to the door, and then returned, leisurely. In the middle of the room he stopped for a moment and lighted a cigarette. "I have no cigars, I never smoke them," he said. Then he continued to Lord Quinton's desk, sat down, and commenced reading some letters.

Browning rose impatiently to his feet. "I have omitted to do something Lord Quinton did that morning," he said, and fell to pacing the room.

He flung the end of his cigarette into the fireplace and sat down in an easy chair.

"You'll come round to my view, I think, in time," said Inspector Turnbull.

Browning leaped to his feet. For a moment he stood staring at me. Then, with a laugh, he crossed to the fireplace and flicked off the ash.

"Inspector," he said a second later, "I'm afraid I've wasted a lot of your time; I've been a confounded fool."

He crossed the room to where, at the inspector's side, stood a small ebony table, on which rested, among other things, the ash tray, with its Indian idol.

Stooping down, he slowly and very carefully passed his hand along the rim of the tray.

Suddenly, from the mouth of the god there sprang a long, pointed needle. For a second we saw it, and then it disappeared again.

"You see now how Lord Quinton was poisoned," said Browning. He pressed the rim of the tray again, and when the needle appeared, held it between a pair of tweezers.

The needle was nearly three inches long, and not more than one-eighth broad at its widest part. It was flat and hollow, giving an easy means of access for the poison.

"What a fiendish idea!" said the Inspector.

The body was lying in a spare bedroom, and we immediately went upstairs to inspect it. There, on the right hand, just above the wrist, was a small puncture, lined in blue. It was so small as to be hardly noticeable, and had we not known where to look for it, we should never have discovered it.

The same afternoon the news of Lord Quinton's death was made public. Newsboys were passing beneath our window, shouting out the intelligence when Browning entered.

"We have found where and when Lord Quinton bought that ash tray," he said. "Three weeks ago he received a letter addressed from a road in Shepherd's Bush, saying the writer had a curio for sale and would be pleased to call and show it to him if he would care to see it with a view to purchasing it."

"Have you seen the letter?" I asked.

"No. Lord Quinton destroyed it, but Lady Quinton told me about it. Two days later the man called."

"Yes," I said eagerly.

"I got his description from one of the servants; it exactly coincides with that of Kruegel, the great secret service agent. Lord Quinton paid him £20 for the curio. Herr Kruegel has a subtle sense of humor."

"And Lady Quinton is willing to let her husband's death go unavenged; to let the murderer escape scot free."

Browning smiled. "There are other ways of killing a man besides hanging him," he said; "and there are other secret service agents in the world besides Herr Kruegel. England possesses a few, you know."—Cassell's Saturday Journal.

Ghastly Retrieving.

Lord Robert Innes-Ker, at a dinner at the Plaza in New York, said of a New York wit:

"His wit always hits the mark. It is not like the shooting of a friend of mine.

"My friend went rabbit shooting one day with a fine retriever dog. A rabbit suddenly appeared and my friend let go both barrels.

"The dog, that never failed to retrieve a shot, uttered a mournful cry, and, returning with its own tail in its mouth, laid it reproachfully at my friend's feet."

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Warning Notes Calling the Wicked to Repentance.

No man prays who prays with his lips alone.

A shallow mind soon works up a frothy agitation.

It's easy to let men slide while you're chasing money.

The world would be full of fools if folly had no bitter fruitage.

It is impossible to appreciate the baldest facts without imagination.

It is a serious reflection on any faith when it has no results in character.

Most homes ultimately have to choose between chairs and children.

The religion that can be laid in a pigeonhole of the life belongs in its cemetery.

No man is a good soldier of the cross who thinks more of his feed than of the fight.

When we make mistakes we talk of destiny, when we succeed we mention only genius.

The soul can no more live on abstractions than plants can live on a theory in botany.

The man who carries his whisky in a wheelbarrow always blames it for leading him astray.

The higher criticism has never done anything like the damage done by neighborly criticism.

There's a difference between being made by meeting dangers and running out to embrace them.

The poorest way to make people appreciate Heaven is to make earth barren of heavenly glory.

If we are sincere in longing for virtuous people we will see that virtue has some soil to grow in.

Many a man thinks the angels stagger in amazement every time he gives a pair of wornout shoes to a tramp.

A CURIOUS ESCORT.

Not long ago there was burned, opposite the temporary tomb of the late Empress Dowager of China, a great boat which, together with the car on which it was placed, formed part of the funeral procession of that deceased woman. This imitation boat cost more than thirty-five thousand dollars, and the Chinese belief is that, as it burns, it ascends to heaven in its own smoke, and there becomes available for use.

The ceremony is an imposing one, and is only performed at the death of an emperor or empress. But other funerals of the Yellow Nation are accompanied by picturesque and strange details which are also costly.

Mrs. Archibald Little gives the following account of the funeral procession of Prince Yung-li in "Round About My Peking Garden." The prince was the successor to Li-Hung Chang.

"After the soldiers and wardens in picturesque costumes came falconers carrying beautiful hooded birds, and a retainer leading the dead master's hound. Then followed the prince's titles on colored boards, borne by men in palace livery, long green gowns with disks of red or yellow.

"Next were many dogs, does and stags made of green bushes, and ten dogs constructed of gold and silver paper, their heads wagging comically as they were carried. Then a long train of flags and umbrellas, and hundreds of plants in full bloom, the best made of paper, but planted in real pots.

"All manner of insignia were woven out of greenery; lines of Mongol lamas were splendid in brocades; great white banners waved, and professional mourners smoked cigarettes.

"Yung-li's own cart, sedan chair and particular charger passed empty; mock horses made of paper were carted on wheels, adorned with real manes and tails. Then a whole lot of personal possessions, and then the catafalque itself, covered with red brocade."

The Annual Bath.

The bath, it is said, is the measure of civilization. He who bathes once a day must be a better human being than he who bathes once a week, or once a month, or, like the Mexican Indians, once a year. A writer in Outing is the authority for the statement that there is a belief among these people that to bathe is to court sickness and death.

There was a sick boy in a hut where a friend of mine stopped one day, and my friend suggested to the father that a bath might cure him. The father held up his hands in horror.

"A bath! That would kill him!" he exclaimed. "I never bathed in my life, and my children never bathed, and never will."

Down in the low countries they do bathe once a year. At midnight on June 29th—St. Peter's day—the good saint calms the ocean and makes the water harmless, and those within reach of the sea who have sufficient faith in the protecting powers of the saint gather there on that day and recklessly wash their bodies.

At points removed from the coast June 24th is the annual bathing day. This is St. John the Baptist's day, and that good saint has a concession to molify the rigors of the rivers for the benefit of the would-be clean ones.

One kind of curiosity is a small boy with two grandmothers who isn't spoiled.

It's easy for a man to get married if he looks good to a young widow.

— THE

OLYMPIC = LEADER

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

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FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1910

Governor Hoke Smith, Georgia: "It is absolutely impossible to have a permanent, decent municipal government where the saloon dominates municipal politics. The elimination of the saloon will help municipal politics everywhere."

The fishing schooner Edith struck a reef at W. ddah Island, near Cape Flattery Monday night and sank in ten fathoms. The crew of five escaped in a dory. The Edith is a gasoline schooner 47 feet long, belonging to the International Fisheries Co.; on her last trip she carried 27,000 lbs. of halibut. The Waddah Island life saving crew has been endeavoring to locate the schooner with grappling irons.

The Thirteenth Federal Census has been taken, and, while probably no city or hamlet in the country is completely satisfied that every one of its people have been counted, most of the enumerators and supervisors will maintain that it is hardly possible that more than one or two per cent. have been missed. As cities and communities we are apt to imagine that we are larger than we really are, and many of us will be disappointed when the restlts are made known in September, or later.

By the way, what has become of that "prominent hotel man" who was here some weeks ago looking for a hotel location and who was so "favorably impressed" with the town that he hurried off to bring his wife to look it over with a view to putting up a "first-class" hotel if the town would only continue "wet." It is believed that no fear need be entertained that he is lost. He is probably continuing his search for hotel locations in other towns where local option elections are pending.—Friday Harbor Islander.

Secretary Wilson has signed a memorandum of agreement with the Great Northern railway company, and also one with the Northern Pacific railway company, which provides for cooperation of the Forest Service and the railroads to prevent damage to the national forests from fires along all lines operated by these railroads. These agreements had already been signed by officials representing the railroad interests, so that they are, by the signature of the Secretary of Agriculture, now in force.

The agreement provides that the forest service will regularly patrol the rights of way during the fire season. The work of clearing all slash and refuse along rights-of-way is to be performed by the railroads under the supervision of the forest service.

Mrs. Peter McNamara of Sequim spent the week in the city, a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar McLaughlin.

THE SEATTLE SPIRIT.

Seattle will come out all right in her census, after all. We have had the utmost confidence that her "spirit" would be sufficiently prodded up to accomplish her object in making a big showing. The result of many elections have been changed after the polls closed, and it don't matter if her time is up for enumerating the people, Seattle's population can be swelled to the extent the huge sum of money will go, which has been raised by her enterprising citizens. The Times alone has pungled up a thousand dollars to "help" out, and figuring on the basis of cost of votes in Indiana that ought to add a thousand names to the resident population. A fund of $50,000 should furnish 35,000 to 40,000 names. A few weeks ago the Times figured that, based upon the ratio to the school census as used throughout the United States, and provided the school census has increased in percentage during past year as in the year previous, Seattle would have 176,000 inhabitants. Adding say 40,000 to the real resident population would give 216,000. Of course this is not up to the 309,000 claimed, but it is probably the best that can be done with the funds at hand.

The Megaphone is opposed to Uncle Sam taking the census anyway. If left to the cities we could make returns to startle the world. If every city would do as well as Seattle this nation would show up a population of 200,000,000, instead of the measly 90,000,000 that is predicted by the census bureau.—Quilcene Magaphone.

The energetic, though somewhat yellow, correspondent of the Seattle P.-I. at Port Tswnsend sent in a notice to his paper which appeared in Saturday's issue to the effect the drys of Sequim undertook one night last week after a dance to clean-up the grog shop at that place with disasterous consequences to themselves. The story was padded, possibly to cast a reflection upon the temperance element at that place.

The facts of the case are that the drys had nothing to do with the affair at all. The proprietor and two of his best customers got into an altercation in which all parties got somewhat worsted, through the activity of the former who feared some one was trying to get him into trouble. He had sold some whiskey to a man who gave it to his boy, and fearing the consequences the prop. attempted to regain possession with the result that the man and boy both mixed with him and compelled his bar-keep to come to his assistance.

"The liquor traffie is a cancer in society, eating out the vitals and threatening destruction, and all attempts to regulate it will not only prove abortive, but will aggravate the evil. There must be no more attempts to regulate the cancer. It must be eradicated, not a root must be left behind; for, until this is done, all classes must continue in danger of becoming victims of strong drink.

"If it is a crime to make a counterfeit dollar, it is ten thousand times a worse crime to make a counterfeit man."—Abraham Lincoln.

The Christian Endeavor of the Congregational Church have secured Mr B. W. Johnson of Seattle, to give an Illustrated Lecture on the Industrial Education in Our Schools.

The lecture will be given at the Opera House, May 21st at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

WESTERN WASHINGTON FAIR

The Second Annual Western Washington Fair will be held in Seattle September 19th to 20th. The association offers special premiums in vegetables and forage crops. Our good friend, Donald McInnes, whose interests and sympathies are still with Clallam county and her people, although his present home is in Seattle, has been appointed and has accepted the office of Superintendent of the agricultural department of the coming fair. In a private letter to the Olympic-Leader, Mr. McInnes writes:

I am especially desirous of seeing a good exhibit at the fair from Clallam county of anything in the line of farm and garden products. Good inducements in the shape of cash prizes are being offered and I know Clallam can take a number of these if the people will try."

Among the special premiums offered, are:

Best vegetable display grown by exhibitor, $10.00. $7.50. $5.00.

Best display of grains grown by exhibitor threshed and in sheaf, $10.00. $7.50. $5.00.

Forage crops. These displays may consist of anything grown on the farm that is suitable for forage, such as hay, grasses, grain in the sheaf, stalk corn, vegetable roots, etc.

Best county display, $100. $75. $50.

Best locality and community display, $50.00. $25.00. $15.00.

Best single farm display grown by exhibitor, $25.00. $15.00. $10.00.

The Chas. H. Lilly Co. silver cup goes to the winner of the Co. display.

The Seattle Seed Co. silver cup goes to the locality and community display.

The Seattle Chamber of Commerce silver cup goes to the best single farm display grown by exhibitor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE.

Bliss Knapp, C. S. B., member of the Christian Science Board of Lectuership, gave a very interesting and instructive lecture on Christian Science at the opera house last Friday evening to a good audience. He said, substantially, that which determines the real import of Christian Science is its theology, and by way of application this theology exhibits a system of healing and reformation, necessarily mental and spiritual, which system is based on the inspired Word of the Bible. A leading point in its theology, and one which physicians are now admitting to be true, is the mental nature of disease. Christian Science has realized its results by mental and spiritual healing, which is made possible by its theology. Evidences of cures are seen in the recovery of the deaf, the lame and the blind. Contrary to popular belief, there is no connection between Christian Science and hypnotism; for it is not human will power, but the understanding of God's presence, which heals as truly now as in the time of the primitive Christians. Mrs. Eddy has revived the lost spirit which is embodied in the union of religion and healing. All diseases are mental, and may be removed not by drugs, but by spiritual understanding and childlike humility. Science and Health, Mrs. Eddy's wonderful treatise on Christian Science, presents so accurate an exposition of this Science that thousands of people have been cured of all forms of chronic and acute diseases, by the simple reading of that book, fulfilling the Scripture, "Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free."

MEMORIAL SUNDAY, MAY 29.

The G. A. R. Post and all ex-soldiers and sailors of the War of the Rebellion and the Spanish War, and ladies of the W. R. C., will assemble at the Congregational church, Sunday, May 29, at 11 o'clock a. m., for special memorial services, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Stephen Smith. All Spanish war veterans and other soldiers especially invited to be present.

On Memorial Day, May 30th, the G. A. R. and all ex-soldiers of the Civil and Spanish wars and the ladies of the W.R.C. will assemble as the opera house at 2:30 p.m., when Rev. H. J. Hartsell of the Methodist Episcopal church, will deliver the annual memorial address. All are cordially invited.

There isn't any use denying it. There is a scarcity of ready money in the smaller towns of western Washington—caused from a too liberal expenditure in Seattle during the exposition days. This money taken from home circulation has made business quiet in all lines of merchandising and caused a general feeling of hard-upness. We are paying for a lesson we all should learn, it does not pay to spend our money elsewhere for things we can buy at home. Every dollar spent at home is "bread cast upon the waters" and will come back to us or our friends. Every dollar spent elsewhere is just so much taken from local circulation and leaves the town that much poorer.—Sedro Woolley Courier.

NOTICE TO PUPILS.

The Eighth Grade State Examinations will take place on May 19 and 20 at Port Angeles, Sequim and various other points.

ANNETTE TRUMBULL,
County Superintendent.

"If a loss of revenue should accure to the United States from a diminished consumption of ardent spirits, she will be a gainer a thousand fold in the health, wealth and happiness of the people."—Supreme Court of the United States, 5 How., 632.

The Woman's League met last Friday and after routine busiusse proceeded to elect delegate to the National Convention to meet June 9, 10, and 11, at University City, near St. Louis. Mrs. M. E. Troy receiving the honor by unanimous choice, and will be present at the first convention of the Woman's League ever held. The local Chapter has 23 members, this allowing, by the paid up membership, one delegate and one visiting member, who will be Mrs. I. L. McKechnie, to the convetion, with all expenses paid.

The local Chapter is endeavoring to get 25 paid up membpersip so that they can secure a Chapter Home, erected for their benefit, at a cost of $1500, to be built by the head of the organization and furnished with complete kitchen, club room arranged so as to be one large room, or sliding divisions to make several rooms, and library all to be furished with mission furniture, and a large concert Phonograph.

The good work is a laudable one and has many redeeming features, for the money is not all taken away from our community, but goes to educate, and besides the home, it gives the members a course of study under the personal supervision of their University. Com.

Sunday was Mr. P. B. Chamber's 70th birthday and his many relatives planoned a surprise for him on Saturday, which prvoved a most enjoyable affair. Ice cream, cake and coffee was served after the evenings festivities, after which Mr. Chambers was peseuted with a solid gold watch chain.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Lincoln Heights Methodist Episcopal Church—Preaching services Sunday morning at 11; Sunday school at 10; Epworth League at 7. Rev. H. R. Merrill, pastor.

Ev. Luth. Church.—Until further notice there will be service on the 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month from 11:00 to 12:00 o'clock. Sunday school every Sunday; classes in German and English from 10:00 to 11:00 o'clock.

First Methodist Episcopal Church, Rev. H. Jackson Hartsell, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m., preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., class meeting, 12 noon, Junior Epworth League, 3 p. m., Epworth League, 6:30 p. m., Mid-week prayer service, Thursday 7:30 p. m. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Eighth St., between Oak and Laurel. First reader, Mrs. M. A. Lewis. Services 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12 a. m.; Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

St. Andrews' Episcopal Church Services—Sundays: 7:30; 11:00 a. m.; 8:00 p. m. Fridays, 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school in the Baptist church Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Song service in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 7:30 o'clock.

Regular services at the Congregational church hereafter by the Rev. Stephen Smith, late of Lebanon, Conn. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 10 a.m. Everybody invited, especially those who have no other church home.

GREAT OAKS FROM LITTLE ACORNS GROW

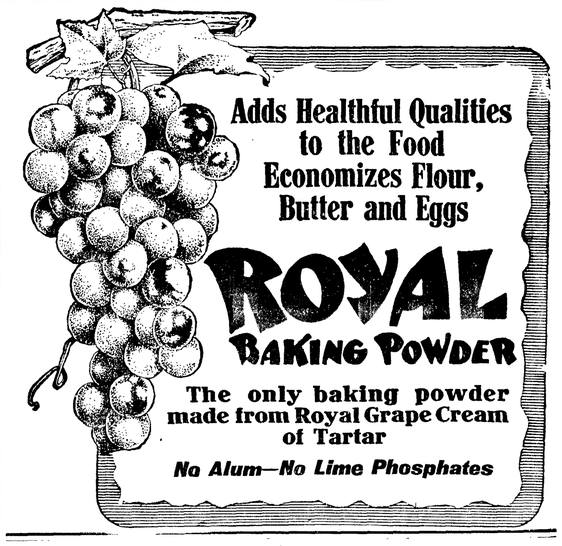
GREAT FORTUNES ARE MADE BY THE DOLLARS THAT WERE DEPOSITED IN THE BANK

A boy earned ffve dollars a week. He saved one dollar our of every five. His salary grew. He banked a part of his income every month. He is a rich man.

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.



LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

J. I. Kirchberg, Exalted Ruler.
T. F. Trumbull, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall.

E. R. Wait, N. G.
M. H. Wait, V. G.; Frank Wait, R. S.; H. R. Pardo, F.S.; J. J. MacKechnie, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

W. G. Martin, Consul.
C. E. Shields, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

J. D. McRoberts, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk.

Morey & Wright
Successor to H. P. McNut

Horse Shoein gan d
Wagon Re pa iring

Satisfaction Guarante ed

Eggs for Hatching

U. R. Fishel strain White Plymouth Rocks, "The Best in the World." Birds from eggs costing 5 to $9 per setting. Also pen of fine young birds for sale. M. T. Fuller, phone 123, box 255, Pt. Angeles, Wash.

FOR SALE

Residence property, corner 4th and Race streets; lots 100x140 feet, good 7 room house, 12 bearing fruit trees, and out buildings. Also vacant building on corner lot, formerly used as a grocery store. Price, $1600. Enquire at my residence, First St., bet. Vine and Albert. Mrs. Geo. Welch.

Now is the time to get your Bicycles cleaned and repaired, at H. Baker & Son's.

The Reveue Cutter Manning is taking the place of the Snohomish in the life saving business duing the next week or so while the latter ship is udergoing repairs upsound.

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Clallam.

J. M. Henderson, Jr., Plaintiff, vs. Edward F. Howard and the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway Co., a corporation, Defendant.

The State of Washington,

To the above named defendant, Edward F. Howard:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this Summons, to-wit, within sixty (60) days after the 6th day of May, 1910, and defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid and answer the complaint of the plaintiff and serve a copy of your answer on plaintiff's attorneys at their offices below stated, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of said complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

The object of the above entitled action is to foreclose a certain real estate mortgage on the following described property, to wit:

The West one-half (W½) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); the Northeast quarter (NE¼) of the Southeast quarter (SE¼); and the Southwest quarter (SW ¼) of the Northwest quarter (NW¼) of Sec. 28, Township 30, North Range 14 West of the Willamette Meridian, Washington, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres.

Said mortage being given to secure the sum of $1215.00, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6%) per cent per anuum from the 30th day of November, 1908, together with an attorney's fee of ten per cent of the above amount and costs and disbursements of this action said mortgage having been made and executed on the 30th day of November, 1906, by the above named Edward P. Howard as Mortgagor, in favor of the above named J. M. Henderson, Jr., as Mortgagee.

GILL, HOYT & FRYE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Office and P. O. address:
427-9 Colman Bldg.,
Seattle, King County, Washington.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash.,
April 30, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Argalus H. Matthews, of Port Angeles, Wash., who, on 2nd day of June, 1905, made Homestead Entry, No. 19077 Serial 01143, for SE¼, Sec. 35, Township 30 N., Range 6 West Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U.S. Commissioner at Port Angeles, Washington, on the 18th day of June, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Warren Dodge, of Port Angeles, Wash.
Charles Filion, of " " "
J. M. VanKuren, of " " "
Lawrence Doyle, of " " "

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.
Date of first publication, May 6, 1910.

Anticipating Our Removal

In the early fall to our new concrete building. We are offering Season Goods at very low paices

Ranier Lawn Mower worth 3.50 at 3.00
Cascade Lawn Eower (ball berring) 5.00 at 4.75
Cascade Lawn Mower (ball bearing) 14 in. 6.50 at $6
Olympia Lawn mower (") 16 in. 10.50 at $10

Garden Hose

¾ Rubber, guaranteed one year,	10c	per foot
" " " " "	11½c	" "
" " " " "	15c	" "
" Cotton " " "	9c	" "
" " " " "	12c	" "
" " " " "	14c	" "

Lawn Sprinklers Grass Hooks
Grass Shears Lawn Rakes
Gras Scythes, etc.

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

Who's your Tailor?

IF you've been paying $45, $50 and $60 to some small tailor for your clothes because you tho't this was the only way to get satisfactory results, it's time you had a suit made by

Ed. V. Price & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS CHICAGO

We'll show you their new Spring woolens—the most attractive patterns you've ever seen. Your selection will be made up to your measure, as you want it, for $20 to $40. If you're not satisfied, it won't cost you anything.

Fashion 643
Two-Button Novelty Sack

Exclusive local representative of Ed. V. Price & Company,

CHAS. A. FILION
Representative, next to Glendale Creamery, Port Angeles

You Need a Good Remedy for

Chapped Hand and Face

Keeping Freckles Away

To Stop That Cough

To Ease Those Corns

We carry the best of every
One of These Remedies

Mathewson's Drug Store

PHONE 28

HIGH GRADE GOODS
Rightly Priced

Rhododendron Flour 1.50 Sack=Net Cash

5 lb Lard Substitute 75c
10 lb Lard Substitute 1.50

Dried Fruit

3 lbs Choice Prunes - - - 25c
2½ lbs Fancy Peaches - - 25c
2 lbs Fancy Ev. Apples - 25c
Fancy seeded Raisins pkg - 10c
Fancy sultana Raisins pkg - 10c

Canned Vegetables

3 cans Amocat Tomatoes - 50c
3 cans Amocat Cream Corn - 50c
3 cans Amocat Extra sifted Peas 50c
2 cans Zepa sweet Corn - 25c
2 cans Zepa Tender Peas - 25c
1 gallon can Zepa Tomatoes - 30c

THE GATE CITY GROCERY
PHONE 243

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

The new styles are now ready. Do not miss this splendid opportunity to select your wearing apparel from the complete variety of styles shown only by

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS., CHICAGO

PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION ASSURED

Ready-to-wear suits and dresses $10,00 and up, lingerie and tailored wash suits $2.75 and up, coats $5.0o and up skirts $1.00 and up. Waists, petticoats, sweaters, muslin underwear, kimonos, knit underwear, hosiery, corsets, gloves, leather goods, neckwear, etc., also Misses' suits and skirts, and children's dresses at correspondingly low prices.

Mhe styles are the most beautiful and are such as are shown only in the large cities.

PLEASE CALL AND SEE THE BEAUTIFUL FASHION PLATES AND SAMPLES

I cheerfully offer you any assistance I can render you in making your selections, taking measurements, making alterations and delivering the goods to you at the same low prices you would for the same goods in their store or ordered through their catalogue.

Complete full line of Henderson corsets and McCall patterns.

MRS. A. GOLDWATER

CITY NEWS

New pictures to-night at the STAR

Norwegian Sardines, 10c, at Fish Market.

Baker will trade you a new stove for the old one.

Wanted, a chambermaid. Apply at Hotel Angeles.

Al Critchfield was down from Dungeness over Sunday.

still alive, though there is given little hope of her recovery.

James and Will Dick were here Saturday from Dungeness.

Frank DeLong was a returning passenger from upsound Monday.

M. J. Kerkes returned from a business trip to Seattle Wednesday.

Mrs. James Getty of Sequim was an Angeles visitor first of the week.

R. W. Travers o Port Williams spent Saturday in the city on business.

No meeting of the city council Tuesday owing to the absence of a quorum.

N. M. Hawkins and Al Filion were returning passengers from Seattle Wednesday.

Lewis Cays and Arthur W. Cays of Dungeness spent Monday in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Hart of Dungeness were welcome visitors at the county hub Tuesday.

Ray Maxfield, ex-county assessor, of Quillayute, arrived in the city Sunday for a short business visit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Griggs and daughter Mabel, of Eburn, B. C., arrived in the city Tuesday for a visit.

Watch newspapers and program for the date of our first matinee. If you can,tcome tell your friends.

Ben Mastick, who has been spending a few days in the city with Dr. Lewis returned to his home at Tacoma Tuesday.

"Register before June 1 for the local option election" is the tip on a card quietly being passed about by the saloon men. Opposing voters take notice.

Mrs. James Trahair, who has been laid up all winter and spring with a severe attack of rheumatism in her ankles and feet, is just able to be about a little again.

Harry Diaz came down from Seattle Saturday, returning Monday. Mrs. P. B. Chambers entertained a few of his friends at dinner, Saturday, at dinner, in his honor.

The Pacific Lyceum Bureau, capital $25,000, of Seattle, is the title of a new corporation formed with our old friends, Harlin E. Risley, Maud Risley,his wife, and George W.Hatch

Persistent reports have reached the city during the past ten days of the alleged death of Mrs. W.B.Main, daughter of Councilman W.H.Elliott. We are pleased to note that to the time of going to press, Mrs. Main is

W. C. Nelson, of Victoria, B. C., who was already possessed of large property interests in Port Angeles, has bought of Mrs. Foster her residence property on Front street, as well as the business building occupied by this print shop.

The first largest Beardslee trout of the season was caught by Mrs. E. J. Ovington on Sunday,May 8th,weighing twelve pounds. The one Mrs. Ovington sent the Olympic-Leader did not weigh twelve pounds, but it was a fine one.

Edgar W. Jenkins, one of the nephews of the late Henry Jenkins, left Saturday for his home Santa Rosa, after a month's very pleasant sojourn here. Mr. Jenkins has the estate of his uncle well on toward settlement, various claims being compromised, so that simple probate procedure remains.

Mr. and Mrs. Dumont in Betsy and I are Out is one of the most beautiful love stories ever seen on the stage in this city. All the stage settings used in the Orphum Circuit will be used here; also the electrical and storm effects. The settings alone are worth going miles to see.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mack Clark left last Sunday evening on the Pearl with a dory rigged up as a sailing craft, to be dropped off on Hoods Canal, where they proposed taking a pleasure sail. Hoods Canal is one of the scenic spots of the Northwest. Mr. and Mrs. Clark expected to be absent a couple of weeks or more

The Whatcom on Tuesday brought a pleasant surprise to Mr. and Mrs. Bonnett. Mr. and Mrs. John Dumont and son, John Howard Dumont. Miss Katherine Bonnett joined them at Seattle and came home for a week. Mr. and Mrs. Dumont will remain over next week, and at the request of friends will give an entertainment at the opera house Friday evening, May 20. They will produce two of their acts used on the Orpheum circuit, "Betsy and I are Out," and "The Star's Dressing Room." Mrs. Dumont's popularity here bespeaks a warm reception for them on Friday night.

Mrs. Dumont will sing at the Christian Science Church Sunday morning, and at the Congregational Church on Sunday evening.

All kinds of Garden Tools. H. Baker & Son.

Imported Fish Balls, 20c per can, at Fish Market.

Special Sunday Chicken dinner, 4 to 7, 35c at Hotel Angeles.

Genuine Iceland Herring, large and fat, 3 for 25c, at Fish Market.

Mrs. D. S. McKee returned, Monday, from an up sound visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McCarty returned Wednesday from an up sound trip.

Christian Endeavor will give an Illustrated Lecture May 21st at the Opera House.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Ritchie were Seattle visitors first of the week, returning home Monday.

Industrial Illustrated Lecture by B. W. Johnson of Seattle, May 21st at the Opera House.

Dance, A. A. A. Hall, Saturday evening, May 14. Parks-Chatterton Orchestra. Gentlemen 50c, ladies 25c.

Geo. A. Hannum, of Sequim, was an Angeles visitor last Saturday,and while here took occasion to meet with old comrades of Pacific Post in the afternoon.

Next Sunday morning at the Methodist church, the pastor, Rev. H. J. Hartsell, will preach a special sermon to mothers. A cordial invitation is extended to the woman of the city to attend this service.

Ladies Aid of the First M. E. Church will give a 15 cent social at the home of Mrs. Frank Dustman, corner of Chambers and Carolina streets, Wednesday, May 18th, from 2 to 5 p. m.

Misses Helen Trumbull and Bernice Allen returned yesterday from the Solduck Hot Springs, where they were the guests of Dr. Trumbull a few days. P. F. Harley has taken the management of the springs again this year, his supplies now being packed in by Mr. Sisson.

On Friday evening at 8 o'clock, May 20, the young people of the Methodist Church will have a box social at Methodist Parsonage. The invitation is general to the people of the city. A splendid time is being planned for this occasion. No admission will be charged. Come and bring your friend.

Something good — Finnan cured Cod, better than imported Haddies, at City Fish Market.

Entire change of program to-night at the Star Theatre.

Come out and enjoy a good dance at the A.A.A. Hall tomorrow evening Parks - Chatterton Orchestra, best dance music in the city. Gentlemen 50c, Ladies 25c.

Mr. and Mrs. Dumont, in their character sketch, Betsy and I are Out, gave a clean cut and carefully presented piece of work as has ever been seen on an Everett stage. It contains good comedy and sincere, wholesome lines that go deep and touch the heart.—Everett Herald.

Jack Henson, formerlyof this city, was seriously injured April 27th by an accident while running a tram engine at the Mexican mine at Douglas, Alaska. He is in the hospital suffering from a broken ankle, a dislocated shoulder, a bruised side and hip. It is hoped that the youth and strength of the patient will bring him out all right in a few weeks

The members of the W. L. C. desire to thank all who assisted in making a success of the dance given by the Club in A.A.A. Hall May 7th, for benefit of the "bridge fund." Special thanks are due members of the Band, who kindly donated their services. Also, to the gentlemen who freely aided in advertising, and those who assisted in the culinary department during the evening. It is due the people, who have liberally patronized us, to know that we have $55 to add to the $350 which has been in the bank drawing interest some years. And we hope that ere long our officials will awake to the fact that bridges are an actual necessity in advancing the best interests of our city.

THE FACULTY PLAY

The Faculty Play, the last number on the School Entertainment Course, will be given in opera house Saturday evening June 3. The play is an original production by the faculty, entitled, "The Boom of 1912" or "How the Railroad Came to Port Angeles." Specialties between acts will consist chiefly of music, by High School chorus and others.

Tickets for sale and seats reserved from date, at Mathewson's. Start the boom of 1912 with a crowded house at opera house June 3.

Screen doors, garden tools, garden hose, all lengths, at Christopherson & Leland's.

New line of Iron beds and matresses at H. Baker & Son's.

Special Sunday Chicken Dinner 35c at Hotel Angeles, served from 4 to 7.

Poultry Netting and Garden Tools at H. Gutenberg Hdw. and Furniture Co.

Goldwater Bros. carry Walkers' Grape Juice in 10c, 15c, 25c and 50c sizes. Good for what ails you.

...THE...
PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

FLOUR, FEED and GROCERIES

1 pt. Honey in fruit jars 25c
1 qt. Honey in fruit jars 45c
Onion Sets 3 quarts 25c

Eastern Hard Wheat Flour in 25 lb sacks $1.00

Mustard Pickles in fruit jars pts. 20c
" " " " qts. 35c

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.

Call For It at Fruit Stands

HOUSE CLEANING TIME.

You will be in need of floor coverings. We have received a large shipment of Linoleums, Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, and nice assortment of Mattings. Lace Curtains and curtain stretchers, carpet sweepers. All colors of paints and oils. A good assortment of Jap-a-lacs to brighten up your furniture. All goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices at H. Gutenberg Hardware and Furniture Co.

C. E. COLE
BARBER

Remember

Owing to increase in business I have employed an up-to-date barber and am now able to do "Good Work" and the service will be quick as any in the city

SANITARY BATHS
Best in the City. Hot Water Always Ready

Next Door to Merrill's Grocery

A Large Consignment Just Received

Garden hose.
Lawn mowers.
Grass hooks.
Croquet Sets.
Lawn sprinklers.
Watering pots.
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Times Clothing Mart
R. A. MUSKETT

FIVE ATTRACTIVE COSTUMES.

DESCRIPTION OF GOWNS IN THE ILLUSTRATION.

The first gown on the left is of blue shot silk with yoke and sleeves of cream-colored all-over lace. The blouse is gathered to the yoke and continued part way down the arm, where it is gathered to the lace undersleeve. The skirt is seven gored with panel front and back, the side gores being lengthened by a shirred flouncing. The hat is of corn-colored rough straw with blue velvet crushed around the crown, knotted at the side with a bunch of ostrich plumes in the same color

The second figure shows a charming little costume in myrtle green cloth with a short skirt crossed over at the knees in tunic effect. The underskirt is pleated. The coat is half fitting, with a low roll collar of silk and a cutaway front. The hat is of green straw. The left brim rolls upward and flowers in wood colors encircle the crown. Plumes in two shades of green are arranged at the side.

The third is a gown of purple mauve cachemire de soie embroidered with soutache. The yoke and undersleeves are of tulle. The seven-gored skirt is plain, except for the corners on each side of the front and back panels, which are embroidered to match the front of the corsage. The hat is a small toque of burnt straw with shaded velvet, matching the gown in color, crushed around and finished with a bow and a sweeping aigrette at the side.

The fourth is a suit of navy blue diagonal serge. The skirt has a shaped plain yoke with pleated flounce and box-pleat front and back. The coat fastens on the shoulder, crosses below the waist line and slopes to the sides. The square neck and also the edges of the coat are outlined with wide braid and rows of narrow braid. The buttons are large and antique. The hat is a large, plain straw, with the brim rolling upward on the sides and faced with black velvet. On the left side on the underside of the brim is arranged an aigrette caught with a fancy button.

The fifth is of cocoa-colored cloth combined with velvet, which forms the bodice and straight flounce. The bands of the cloth at the yoke, belt, around the sleeve caps and above the flounce are embroidered with soutache. All-over lace forms the yoke and undersleeves and a frill of lace at the wrist extends a few inches up the sleeve. The turban is of straw braid in the basket weave with a crown of panne velvet in geranium color, draped so as to give the greatest height at the back.

Woman as a Social Success.

There is no quality more to be desired to make a woman a social success than that of tact. Its possessor knows the right thing to do and the right time for doing it, and thus gains a reputation for cleverness and for many virtues which a tactless person would never win from her circle of acquaintances, no matter how excellent her qualities of both heart and head.

The tactful woman is not only a patient listener, but she is a thoroughly good one. She shows no weariness even when she has heard the same story more than once from the same person, and she smiles in the right place, and appears to enjoy hearing jokes just as much as her companion enjoys telling them, says Woman's Life.

A tactful woman generally gets her own way with her husband, and with other people, and yet in such a manner that people always suppose that they are following their own and not her inclinations. The fact is that she knows when a man is approachable and likely to be amenable to her wishes, and when it is best to leave him alone. Tact is a weapon guided with a multitude of precautions and feminine wiles by the wise woman, and it is only the wise who possess it.

Embroidered Linen Blouse.

A blouse of white linen appears here, the design of which affords an excellent opportunity for the girl who is handy with her embroidery needle. The shirt is very simple in cut, having a single pleat over the shoulder, the edge of which is button-holed in a fine scallop. At about the bust line this tuck broadens into two rounded tabs secured by pearl buttons. These tabs and embroidery are repeated on the cuff of the otherwise simple sleeve. The scallop outlines the Dutch neck, which is filled with a high collar of lace and finished by a jabot of the same. The belt is also embroidered and fastened by a pearly button.

The Lady of the Telephone.

She is more than five feet tall, she is 95 per cent unmarried, she is neat, she is quick, she is never deaf nor dumb, she is invisible when most effective—she is the girl who must be consulted before you can get the telephone you want. Though not much of a mathematician, she deals in numbers wholesale and retail, adding and substracting with lightning-like rapidity.

The government experts find that she can answer 225 calls a minute without shedding a hairpin, but do not mention that she can give you the same wrong number three times in five minutes and cause attacks of apoplexy and indignation at both ends of the wire.

She must be either very patient or very indifferent, this operator in the conversation exchange, for she deals with many men of many tempers and many women of many tongues. And if she can manage this successfully and emerge from a day of conflict with unruffled temper and smiling face, she must be a wonder.

There she sits, this lady of the telephone, calm, polite, like Patience on a Monument smiling at Rage. From out the wreck of matter and the ruin of worlds comes undisturbed her even tones, "Number, please!"

Nasal Obstruction.

Many people suffer from "stuffiness" or "stoppage" of the nose through life, without ever thinking of consulting their medical attendant. It is one of the most frequent causes of deafness, and it is this symptom which is often the immediate or direct reason for the patient's seeking advice. Nasal obstruction is responsible for many other troubles. Further, it not only interferes with the development of these organs, but when severe it is responsible for a state known as "aprosexia," or impaired intellectual development, characterized by lack of ability to concentrate the attention, by dullness of perception, and backwardness in learning.

Substitute for Cream.

The following is a good substitute for cream: Boil three-quarters of a pint of new milk, put a level teaspoonful of flour into a cup with the yolk of an egg and mix well together, adding a little sugar. When the milk boils draw it back from the fire, and, after it has been allowed to cool a little, pour over the flour and egg mixture, stirring briskly to prevent it from becoming lumpy. Pour the mixture into the saucepan and heat over the fire, stirring one way, until the egg thickens. It must not boil, or it will be spoiled. When cold it is ready for use.

The House Fly.

In the same order with the diptera come the house fly, already referred to—the blue bottle or blow fly, and others. The larvae of all such live on carrion and decaying organic matter. The common house fly has a very short life history. The female deposits 150 eggs on dung or any kind of soft filth, the larvae hatch, we are told, in a day or two and feed on the refuse, get full grown in five or six days, take on the quiescent or pupa stage for a week and finally emerge as winged insects to wander about, depositing dirt on our picture frames and disfiguring unframed pictures and every shining ornament, tickling our skin just as we are doing some particular bit of work, disturbing our forty winks, to say nothing about his bearing disease germs about and depositing them as if they were rotten grains for fertilizing flowers. Verily the house fly is an unmitigated nuisance and should be exterminated. If we could only induce every owner of garbage and manure heaps to quickly consign it to the ground or to a roaring fire we could do much to exterminate this pest. Nothing but compulsory sanitary laws will come near to producing the abolition of this creature. He is no good to anybody, and may be seen at last stuck to a wall with a fungus which has its roots in his entrails.

Fascinating Dinner Gown.

Simplicity and elegance are combined in the gown sketched. The skirt is long and made with a gracefully draped tunic of gold color chiffon cloth, matching that used for bodice, the latter artistically put together with fine folds of the material over shoulders and deep sleeve bands of gold embroidered net. Similar net is used for band across front and back and under arm pieces. Lower part of bodice blouses cleverly into a narrow waist band of gold satin joining it to skirt. This model might easily be copied by a home dressmaker with quite satisfactory results, its chief charm lying in its simplicity.

To Keep Wall Clean.

The best way to keep the walls of the kitchen white and glossy is to wash their painted surface with bran water instead of soap. Boil one pint of bran in a gallon of water for an hour. The paint will look better and keep clean longer when washed with this than when cleaned with soap or water.

PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

PERIL IN FLIRTATION.

By Rev. Frederick E. Hopkins.

Flirtation is the cause of our social evil. It undermines the home. It makes marriage look like a failure. The rapidly increasing number of women who drink and smoke in fashionable restaurants shows where stations on the route are located and the men in the big, swift touring cars accomplish the rest of the trip with merciless brevity, but leave behind the fumes of a scandal that will fill the land. In respect of this evil, as of all others, we need to remember that first steps are the dangerous steps, first compromises the dangerous compromises.

When men and women are loitering about through life wondering what they will do next, a serpent not far away is apt to lift its head and sight the bird. From the Garden of Eden to the present hour snakes have loved Eve in a snake's way. Samson has lied and joked with Delilah, Sappho has loved the young student, as the devil loves the world. It is a love with the most beautiful face you ever saw. It is love with the most attractive personality you have ever known. It is a love with what is called temperament, you know—makes a lie sound better than the truth. It can make the red-headed, black-faced Cleopatra look so fascinating that the great Marc Antony is content to be dragged behind her barge like a dead fish.

The love of the flirt is a love that makes men and women forget their honor, their vows, their ambitions, their talents, their fathers and mothers, husbands and wives, and all the great hopes of time and eternity. The first steps may lead down the marble steps of a palace of pleasure. But look at the end!

BRINGING NATIONS CLOSER TOGETHER.

By Edgar Fuller.

It is easy to perceive from past history how individualism and competition peopled the earth. The pressure of growing slavery kept actuating men to push farther westward, to where there was greater freedom. America was discovered because the merchants of Venice formed a monopoly of the East India trade and levied tribute that was outrageous. A western route was sought in order to evade it, and instead a new continent was discovered. This was of far greater importance to the oppressed lower classes of Europe than the accomplishment of the original purpose would have been and it is of great relief even yet.

The world is now becoming rapidly populated, with no more new continents to discover, and the result must be that collectivism and co-operation will take the place of individualism and competition—otherwise slavery will become universal. Members of the capitalist class, having pursued each other all over the globe trying to find a market for their surplus products and finding themselves up against it, are now gradually consolidating industrially into a trust and politically into one big fighting machine. Money knows no country and one country is as good to exact profits in as another. Labor sees what is coming and is also beginning to organize internationally. The railroads, the steamships and the telegraph are bringing all nations closer and closer to each other and in course of time they will unite into one vast co-operative commonwealth. There is destined to be considerable conflict, however, before this can be successfully accomplished.

DISCONTENT OF RICHES AND POVERTY.

By Winifred Black.

A little girl lay down on her sister's grave and died the other day. And when the mother went to the drug store to telephone to ask for help she fainted, and the drug store people discovered that the mother had not eaten anything for nearly two days because there was no money to buy food.

In the same paper that told this little story I read that aigrettes were in fashion again this year because they were so expensive that the very presence of an aigrette meant that the owner must have money, or at least had it when she bought the hat, and that black pearls were again in vogue; and that it was bad form to let the bay horse go out with anything but an ermine carriage blanket.

I wonder if the little girl who lay down and died rather than to struggle through a world like the one she lived in wasn't, after all, wise after her kind and condition? I suppose that poor mother walked the streets right beside some discontented rich woman a dozen times, and unless she walked unusual paths she certainly went past a dozen young girls who are making their own mothers miserable because they can't have just exactly the latest thing in jewelry or the newest thing in automobiles, "like the other girls."

If I had one of those "like-the-other-girls" daughters I'd make her spend at least half of her time getting acquainted with some of these "other girls," like the one who lay down and died of hunger and heartache and sorrowful discouragement the other day. I believe it would do her good.—Chicago Examiner.

THE CHURCH'S BUSINESS.

By President Woodrow Wilson.

The business of the church is not to pity men. The business of the church is not to rescue them from their suffering by the mere means of material relief or even by the means of spiritual reassurance. The church cannot afford to pity men because it knows that men, if they would take it, have the richest and completest inheritance that it is possible to conceive, and that, rather than being deserving of pity, they are to be challenged to assert in themselves those things which will make them independent of pity.

No man who has recovered the integrity of his soul is any longer the object of pity, and it is to enable him to recover that lost integrity that the Christian church is organized. To my thinking, the Christian church stands at the center not only of philanthropy, but at the center of education, at the center of science, at the center of philosophy, at the center of politics—in short, at the center of sentiment and thinking life. And the business of the Christian church, of the Christian minister, is to show the spiritual relations of men to the greater world processes whether they be physical or spiritual. It is nothing less than to show the plan of life and men's relations to the plan of life.

THE LIFE OF A SWITCHMAN.

It May Not Be Picturesque, but There Are Few More Dangerous.

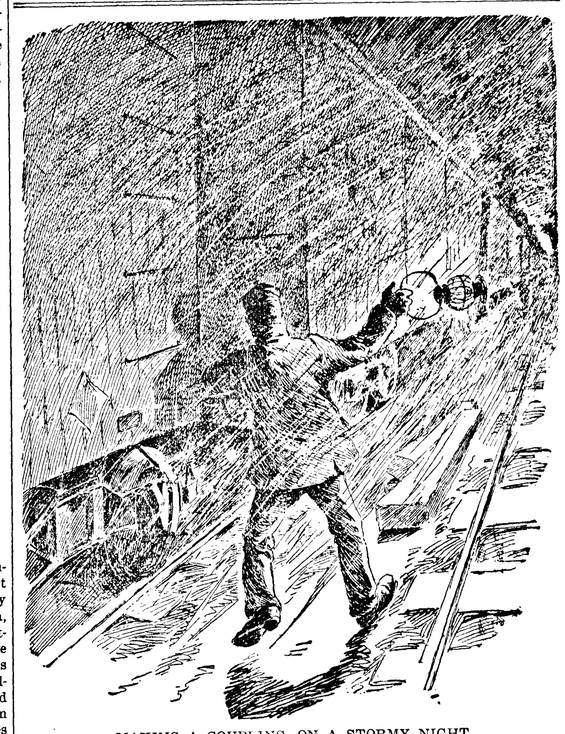
The frontier is fast disappearing, and the hardy pioneer who packed his pelts or harvested his scanty crops under the eye of hostile Indians is merely an heroic figure in history, writes F. C. Scoville. But the industrial frontier and the pioneer workman will never become things of the past. The venturesome spirits who 100 years ago would have pushed westward into unknown lands have turned their hands to work, which, if not more picturesque, is fully as dangerous.

That great time saving record breaking game wherein the necessities and luxuries of life are whirled from one end of the continent to the other at a constantly increasing pace has engaged many of the present day industrial pioneers. Among them, skirting the death line as delicately as the aviator, the deep sea diver, the structural steel worker, or the linesman, stands the switchman. Without him the arteries of traffic would cease to flow.

In a thousand yards, amid a bewildering maze of tracks and switches, and under the pattering hail of cinders the switchman works, seemingly careless of the perils that beset his every footstep. Dangerous during the day, the yards are trebly so at night and during the winter. One second's carelessness, a slippery footboard, an ice covered grabiron, or even a mistaken signal by the engineer may cause his instant death, or, less mercifully, make him a helpless cripple for life.

Death, or his companion, disablement, stares the switchman in the face at every turn. A huge chunk of coal may topple upon his head from an overloaded car, a pin may stick, and in the hurried effort to right the knuckle before the cars meet his hand may be crushed. Unheard trains may toss him when he rounds the end of a string of cars. While pulling a pin on a sharp curve to make a "drop" he may be caught between the corners of the cars and his ribs staved in.

Constant vigilance is the price of the switchman's life. Occasionally even "constant vigilance" is fruitless.



MAKING A COUPLING ON A STORMY NIGHT.

HIRSUTE ITALIAN BARBERS.

Peculiarities Noted by an Observing Hair Tonic Salesman.

"My best customers," said the salesman for the hair-tonic house, according to the New York Times, "are the proprietors of barber shops, where all Italian barbers are employed. There's a reason for this and a very simple one. Did you ever see a bald-headed barber in an Italian shop? Think it over. Rack your memory. I've been in the hair-tonic business for a good many years and, take my word for it, there is no such thing as a bald-headed dago barber. No, I can't explain it. It is simply an incontrovertible fact. That's why I say my best customers are the proprietors of these shops. Would you buy a bottle of hair tonic from a barber with a bald pate? Would you place any confidence in the recommendation of a barber whose thatch had a mangy, moth-eaten appearance? Not if you are in your sober senses. American barbers and barbers of other nationalities, particularly the Germans, have a disgusting habit of losing their hair. I use the adjective advisedly from my point of view, for it interferes with my business. And it's a curious thing that when a barber loses his hair he doesn't lose his job. Nor is his salary reduced. Inasmuch as a considerable portion of the revenue of a shop consists of the selling of various toilet preparations, you would naturally think that, in the interest of expert salesmanship, when a barber lost his hair he would also lose his job. But the boss barber is a person to be reckoned with, quite aside from the purely commercial phase of the situation. He is loyal to his men and loyal to an extent that would seem suicidal to the head of a big industrial corporation. But that's his attitude, and in a way it is an admirable one. Still, that has nothing to do with the fact that there are no bald-headed Italian barbers. Keep your eyes peeled for one, and when you find him show me."

French Revolution Relics.

A museum is about to be inaugurated in the famous prison of the Conciergerie, which will be peculiarly rich in articles and papers connected with the revolution, and especially with Marie Antoinette, says the London Globe. The museum will be quartered in the Salle des Girondins. The Marie Antoinette relics include the armchair which she used during her long detention, the lamp which illuminated her cell, the ebony and ivory crucifix which she kissed before leaving for her execution, and two pictures representing the doomed queen at communion and in her cell.

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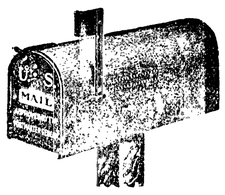

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713 First Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Read my article in Sunday's P.-I. and Monday's Times and Star.

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HOWARD E. BURTON. Assayer and Chemist. Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. References Carbonate National Bank.

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S N U No. 20—1910

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

Hints About the House.

Potato water is excellent for cleaning mud stains from nearly any kind of cloth or garment.

A teaspoonful of ginger in two gallons of cider will, it is said, keep it sweet for several months.

Vegetables soaked in a steamer are actually more nourishing than those boiled in the ordinary way.

To heat dishes quickly don't put them into a hot oven, but let them lie for a minute or two in hot water.

When serving hot mince pie place a thin slice of cheese on each piece. It gradually softens from the heat of the pie.

When frying mush, it is said that dipping the slices first into the white of an egg makes them crisper.

Celery roots, boiled in plain water, chilled and dressed with French dressing, make excellent and cheap winter salads.

If gelatin must be softened quickly, pour cold water over the gelatin and heat over boiling water until it is dissolved.

Scorched fireproof dishes should be soaked in strong borax water till the unslightly brown marks upon them can be rubbed off with a cloth.

Why Not?

Why doesn't some smart genius,
Who wants to make his stake,
Commence raising "salted peanuts"
On the shores of Great Salt lake?
—Judge.

The hen is a bird, says the treasury department. Any one buying "strictly fresh" eggs these days will agree that she is a luxury.

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"Cascarets are certainly fine. I gave a friend one when the doctor was treating him for cancer of the stomach. The next morning he passed four pieces of a tape worm. He then got a box and in three days he passed a tape-worm 45 feet long. It was Mr. Matt Freck, of Millersburg, Dauphin Co., Pa. I am quite a worker for Cascarets. I use them myself and find them beneficial for most any disease caused by impure blood."
Chas. E. Condon, Lewiston, Pa., (Mifflin Co.)

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 925

Rice Griddle Cakes for Two.

Into one-half cup of thick sour milk stir thoroughly one-half cup of boiled rice; add one-quarter teaspoonful of soda and beat briskly. Add one-quarter cup sweet milk, three-quarters cup bread flour sifted with one-half teaspoonful baking powder and one teaspoonful of melted butter. Beat and cook on a hot, well-greased griddle, one large tablespoonful to each "cake." Pile on a hot plate, spreading each one with a little melted butter and a sifting of sugar. Cut the pile in quarters like a pie.

Preparatoin of Rice.

Instead of washing rice half a dozen times in cold water to remove the starch, rinse twice in very hot water and the same results are gained. Few northerners succeed in getting the separated grains, such as are always seen on southern tables. To obtain them throw rice slowly into rapidly boiling, slightly salted water and cook twenty minutes uncovered.

HOW IS YOUR APPETITE TODAY?

Is it keen and normal or do you have that "don't care" sort of feeling? Loss of appetite is one of the surest signs of inward weakness and if you are wise you will heed the warning promptly and take a few doses of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The system requires a certain amount of nourishment every day in order to keep up health and strength and to replace the waste portions. This can only be accomplished with a keen appetite and perfect digestion and assimilation of the food. Then again Hostetter's Stomach Bitters should be taken. It will stimulate the flow of gastric juices, so essential to perfect digestion, and aid in every way possible. For over 56 years it has been used with wonderful success in cases of Poor Appetite, Heartburn, Flatulency, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Biliousness and Malaria.

TRIALS *of the* NEEDEMS

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, gripe or weaken They are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves; invigorate instead of weaken. They enrich the blood and enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. For sale by all druggists in 10c and 25c sizes. If you need medical advice, write Munyon's Doctors. They will advise to the best of their ability absolutely free of Charge. **MUNYON'S, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.**

Send 10c for Trial Package.

LIFE SAVERS OF THE STREETS.

Words of Praise for the Traffic Regulators of an Alabama Town.

The policeman who stands in the middle of the crossing is a life saver in every sense of the word, the Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald remarks. He saves life and limb every day—almost every hour. He never gets excited. He is cool headed and has a comprehensive vision.

An average of 10,000 people afoot pass the crossing in every direction every hour for seventeen hours during the day and early part of the night. This makes a total of 170,00 pedestrians in the total seventeen hours. Eighty-nine cars pass every hour, making a total of 1,493 cars for the same seventeen hours. An average of 800 vehicles, including drays, carriages, automobiles and other moving instruments of danger, not including motorcycles and bicycles, pass every hour, making a total of $13,600 for the seventeen hours.

Amidst this mighty tide of moving humanity and grinding wheels is one man stands as arbiter between life and death. To a large degree the life of every man, woman and child, either afoot or in some public or private conveyance, is in the hands of this one man.

He lends his courage to the timid and fearful, his eyes to the blind, and his strength to the weak and halting. He stands like a giant amid a tumbling mass of pigmies, complete master of the situation. With one hand he gives back sweet life to a timid old woman who has secrificed it in a moment of confusion. He hands it back with a smile and forgets it while he turns to the rescue of a thoughtless child who does not even stop to thank the big officer for his priceless service. The child does not know. The man of the world, busy with problems of might, does not realize that he has been pushed across the grave by the quick hand of the policeman.

A thousand dangers—even death—accompany every man who attempts this crossing at almost every hour of the day, and that the accidents number less than one a week is almost entirely due to the presence o fthe big, cool-headed policeman, the life saver, who stands in the middle of the crossing.

Tripe in Milk.

This is excellent for invalids. Cut one pound of tripe into dice and simmer for two hours in sweet milk. Take the tripe up in a hot dish, thicken the milk with a little flour, add a dash of salt and black pepper, pour over and serve hot. This is especially nice served on very dry buttered toast.

Codfish Chowder.

One cup pick-up codfish freshened in hot water twice. Boil with one onion and one good-sized potato thinly sliced. When all are tender add one pint of milk, butter and pepper. Heat and serve with croutons or crackers.

Fried Herrings.

Clean and dry. Very little butter is needed in which to fry them. They should be well browned. They are rich enough to be eaten without any kind of sauce. They will take three-quarters of an hour to cook.

A Legal Difference.

The Client—How much will your opinion be worth in this case? The Lawyer—I'm too modest to say. But I can tell you what I'm going to charge you for it.—Cleveland Leader

Those Questions.

"Have a pleasant trip east?"
"Yep."
"How did you find New York?"
"Why, you can't miss it, if you take the right train."

An unusual marriage took place in Gotham when the woman teller of one of the banks married the masculine teller of another. With both tellers thus united the tale of love should have been well told.

Is housecleaning a fine art or a penance?

A committee of public-spirited citizens of San Francisco, appointed for the purpose of investigating the causes of what have come to be known as the "graft cases," makes the following among many important recommendations: "No child should be permitted to leave the grammar school until he has had thoroughly instilled into him a strong sense of his obligation to the State to set aside all prejudice and private interest and act as a juryman in any case in which he may be summoned. He should be taught that this obligation is sacred, and that its performance is the highest kind of public service, outranking the mere physical courage and devotion of a soldier."

Instant Relief for All Eyes

that are irritated from dust, heat, sun or wind, PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Southern Old-Style Biscuit.

The old way was to beat the bircuit dough with an ax, and to give it 300 blows by actual count. The well-bastinadoed substance was then made into small round cakes wtih the hands—a cutter is an insult to true beaten biscuit—each about half an inch thick. The top of each one is then pricked three times with a fork, and they are then baked in a moderate oven for from 20 to 30 minutes. After you have once eaten them you are hardly surprised at their favor with the natives.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Married men have been challenged on a Chicago jury because they were likely to be unsentimental. Evidently in Chicago marriage ends sentiment.

Non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla

If you think you need a tonic, ask your doctor. If you think you need something for your blood, ask your doctor. If you think you would like to try Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor. Consult him often. Keep in close touch with him.

We publish our formulas
Ayer's
We banish alcohol from our medicines
We urge you to consult your doctor

Ask your doctor to name some of the results of constipation. His long list will begin with sick-headache, biliousness, dyspepsia, thin blood, bad skin. Then ask him if he would recommend your using Ayer's Pills.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

Alaska

25 beautiful Alaska Post Cards, no two alike, 25 cents by mail postpaid.
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There is no uncertaincy about "Old Homestead" Canned Goods

It's worth a lot to be sure of quality when you buy canned fruits and vegetables. To know that they are packed while fresh, packed under careful and cleanly conditions, and sold to you with a guarantee of quality.

You can be SURE of this—sure of getting the best when you buy

"Old Homestead" Goods

Ask for them at Your Grocer's.

SYLVESTER BROS. & CO., Seattle.

Better Health

A Pleasing Sense of Health and Strength Renewed and of Ease and Comfort

follows the use of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, as it acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, when constipated, or bilious, and dispels colds and headaches.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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In the matter of food you can't afford to sacrifice Quality for Cheapness. *Economy* is right and good but inferior food products are dear at any price.

KC BAKING POWDER

is *economical—not Cheap.* Try it. The best at any price or your money back.

JAQUES MFG. CO. Chicago.

Guaranteed under all Pure Food Laws

Cautionary Note: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "New Perfection."

Many Women who are Splendid Cooks

dread having to prepare an elaborate dinner because they are not sufficiently strong to stand over an intensely hot coal range. This is especially true in summer. Every woman takes pride in the table she sets, but often it is done at tremendous cost to her own vitality through the weakening effect of cooking on a coal range in a hot kitchen.

It is no longer necessary to wear yourself out preparing a fine dinner. Even in the heat of summer you can cook a large dinner without being worn out.

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

Gives no outside heat, no smell, no smoke. It will cook the biggest dinner without heating the kitchen or the cook. It is immediately lighted and immediately extinguished. It can be changed from a slow to a quick fire by turning a handle. There's no drudgery connected with it, no coal to carry, no wood to chop. You don't have to wait fifteen or twenty minutes till its fire gets going. Apply a light and it's ready. By simply turning the wick up or down you get a slow or an intense heat on the bottom of the pot, pan, kettle or oven, and nowhere else. It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot, drop shelves for coffee, teapot or saucepan, and even a rack for towels. It saves time, worry, health and temper. It does all a woman needs and more than she expects. Made with 1, 2, and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner sizes can be had with or without Cabinet.

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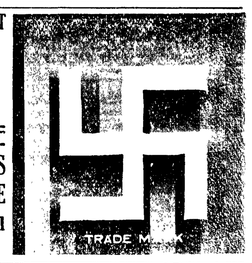

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CLUB BATHS, INC.
Get the habit of taking a Turkisl bath when in the city. Private rooms at less than hotel rates, with Turkish bath included. Arctic Club Building. Third and Yesler.

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Buy men's clothing upstairs.
$30.00 Blue Serge Sample Suits $17.50. Gordon Tracie, Room 207 905½ 3rd Avenue. Traders Bldg.

J. W. Edmunds, Oph. D., optician, 701-703 Leary building. Ind. 1378; Main 2174. Do your eyes hurt you? Edmunds knows the CAUSE. Do you want the BEST? Edmunds has it. If you don't need glasses, Edmunds will tell you.

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Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

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Gasoline, 2 and 4 cycle

Ferro Marine Engine

Gasoline, Benzine, Distillate, Fuel Oil and Cup Grease

J. M. Martin
Oak Street Dock

FORKS.

This community was inexpressibly shocked last Monday morning to learn of the sudden death, at 5 o'clock that morning of heart disease, of Mrs. Ingaburg Anderson Smith, wife of Mr James R. Smith, a farmer of this prairie well known throughout the county. Although the disease had been of some years standing the deceased had recently been feeling much better, and especially so the day and evening before her death. Rising early as usual, and returning to her bed, she asked her husband for a glassof water,seeming to be in distress. After drinking it she continued sitting up in bed. Being urged to lie down by her husband, she stated that it distressed her to breathe lying down. He arranged a chair and pillows as a support for her back, and then called to the housekeeper, who was in her room upstairs dressing. When that lady came down a few minutes later, Mrs. Smith had, without speaking again, breathed her last.

Mrs. Smith was born in Sands, Sweden, fifty-nine years ago, coming to this country in spring of 1882, locating at St. Paul, Minn. Remaining there until the fall of that year, she came to Port Townsend where the same year she was married to Ole P. Nelson,the nephew of Mrs. Peter Nelson, an old resident of this place. Locating at once on a fine farming property on this prairie and with her husband it continued to be her home for 29 years. Mr. Nelson died in April 1892, of this union was born Mrs. Smith's only child, a daughter Mary,now the wife of R. B. Hickman a Milwaukee railroad surveyor.

In February, 1894, the deceased was married to her second husband Mr. James R. Smith. She was reared in the Lutheran church and died in the faith of her childhood, being highly esteemed by all who knew her.

There remain of sorrowing relatives besides her husband and her daughter, a brother in Sweden, and her aunt, Mrs. Peter Nelson, of Forks, to all of whom is extended the sympathy of the entire community. A telegram was sent to Mrs. Hickman at Spokane but she cannot arrive in time for the funeral.

Funeral services were held in the Congregational Church, Tuesday afternoon, conducted by the pastor, Rev. James Oakey. The burial was in the Forks Cemetery, where the body was laid to rest beside that of her first husband.

SEQUIM

Our State Bank of Sequim started up in good shape last week and if the future is as bright as the present there will surely be a great future for it.

Mrs. Jack Webber of Port Townsend has been visiting with Mrs. Earnest Webster and Mrs. George Hamilton for nearly two weeks.

Mr. W. G. Green came very near having a bad accident Tuesday, his horse ran away but Mr. Green stuck to the buggy and after running about a mile, he succeeded in stopping the horse. The only damage done was a broken shaft, and the horse's legs were cut up some. Three buggies were standing in the street at the time and the owners all took after Mr. Green to assist if necessary.

Willis Cook, who has been quite sick, is getting some better.

Rev. A. Davis has sold his home on Sequim to Thomas Wilson from Okanogan County. There are a number of men here looking for hours.

DUNGENESS

Independence Day will be celebrated here on Saturday the 2nd.This was decided upon by a meeting of the people of Dungeness last Monday evening. A big time is in prospect. Every one is expected to be here and to help make it a great success.

Donald McInnis is on his ranch for a few days.

Jessie Evans is in Seattle for a few days. Frances Ward is taking his place at the creamery.

Mrs. F. J. Ward returned from Seattle, Wednesday.

Mrs. Munns, W. C. T. U. organizer spoke in the church Sunday evening to a good congregation.

Mr. Bennett is running the donkey engine straightening the river at Mapes field using a large scoop shovel on a cable.

Dr. Lewis was in town Monday. The stork visited the home of Mr. Ellis.

Mr. C. W. Thompson is in Port Angeles.

The Woman's club met Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs.J. Martin.

FOR SALE

Fine home 1 and ¼ miles from P. O. Three acres seeded. All kinds fruit, a horse and buggy, wagon and other farming implements. Two cows, one heifer. Will sell for part cash, balance in payments. Or will sell stock. Call on

E. E. Seevers or J. B. Davis. 2t.

BASE BALL GAME

The opening game of baseball for the season was started last Sunday by Mayor Lewis throwing first ball across home plate. The attendance was good, "fans" numbering about 300. The horsehide got a good grilling. All the players in both teams appeared at their best. "Curley" Wold was in first class trim, speeding the ball to the disadvantage of the visiting team. The game was interesting from the start,but the heavy batter of Dungeness was sorely disappointed at not finding the "town" ball tossed him after putting so much atmosphere in motion, as is his usual custom, the "fans" saw the point. The score was 12 to 6 in favor of home team.

The amatuer sports have received good attention at the hands of Managers Mead and Aldwell. They have had the Grand Stand overhauled and fixed up to accommodate the public. As, also,the bleechers have been fixed over The grounds are in better condition than for any previous seasons

The Post Team from Fort Flagler will be here Sunday for a game at 2:30. They will come on the Str. Falcion bringng over 100 visitor. and "rooters.," The home "fans" must be loyal to our team, for no team is at its best without their support.

CHEAPEST METHOD OF CLEARING LAND

Recent experimentation has demonstrated that clearing logged-off land with a donkey engine is cheaper and more satisfactory than either by blasting or using a stump puller. These experiments were set forth in a bulletin issued by the director of experiment at Pullman.

The engine must be equipped for the clearing purposes, and not one that is designed merely for logging work. The one used in the experiment was a 9 by 10 compound road engine carrying 160 pounds of steam. It had sufficient power to remove almost every stump in a straight pull and it was the policy to avoid the use of blocks wherever possible, as the cost is much less.

The experementers tried blasting, using a stump puller and block and tackle operated by a team, on land similar to that on which they tried the donkey engine. The average cost to clear an acre in this case was $107.71 against $71.90 per acre with the engine. To the latter expense must be added the cost of hauling the engine. Since this experiment was made the cost of labor and material are somewhat higher.

It was clearly demonstrated that the method of burning logs and refuse in a huge pile has a detrimental effect on the soil. Clay soil was reduced in places to clinkers and completely destroyed. The windrow scheme, in long, low piles, was found to be better for this reason and because the dirt which cakes and falls from the roots will not interfere so much with the progress of the fire. When the "windrows" are well burned out the embers may be heaped in one pile and no damage will result.

The plan while blasting was to explode a sufficient charge of the stumping powder beneath and at the center of the crown of the stump to split it into two or three pieces, and at the same time to loosen the dirt about the crown of the larger roots. As a general rule three to six 11-2x8-inch sticks were used to split a stump 12 to 20 inches in diameter.

To get the best results blasting should be done during the winter or early spring when water is most abundant to the soil. Care must be taken to keep the powder from freezing or beoming partly frozen. The explosive used in the experiment was kept in a greenhouse and when needed was placed in the ground as quickly as possible.—Mt. Vernon Argus.

Poultry Netting and Garden Tools at H Gutenberg and Furniture Co.

SANITARIUM FOR THE NEURASTHENIC

The Seattle P.-I. of Sunday says editorially.

"Announcement is made that one of the richest women of America, a sufferer of sleeplessness, is about to visit Seattle because she has been unable to find sleep elsewhere, and she has been told she can find sleep in Seattle.

"Puget Sound is a natural sanitarium for the neurasthenic, for those who are nerve worn and nerve weary, who are so nervous that their affliction is known as "the American disease."

"It is the nervous American who has made America, has made New York great; for he works like a triple expansion steam engine while he works and under the utmost pound of pressure, until one day there is an explosion and he becomes that familiar creature, a "nervous wreck." He has his money, but he has his health, and he proceeds to spend no money to recover the most precious gift of Nature.

"For all such persons, if they only knew it, Seattle and its surroundings are a natural haven of rest.

"The day will come, and it will dawn soon in this century, when the rest of the nation will learn these facts, and the shores of Puget Sound and its myriad islands will be dotted with villas and country estates of men who have made fortunes and who will come here to preserve their nights in peaceful slumbers in this glorious climate for the nervous, with its pine laden and ozone laden salt breezes; where they can realize that tired Nature's sweet restorer will quiet their quivering and chattering nerves in scenes that are those of a summer earthly paradise."

What the P.-I. here says of Seattle is doubly true of Port Angeles, for we have a much more pleasant climate than has the state metropolis. We have less rain, more nice weather, and warmer days both winter and summer. And we all know how we can sleep! It's hard to keep awake when we lie down. We confidently second the prophesy of the P.-I. that this fact will soon dawn upon the nervous nation and the Olympic peninsula will be in the swim.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Now is the time to look after your fence. All kinds of wire fencing,plows, discs, spring tooth harrows, and garden tools, Jr. Planters, wagons, buggies, harness, building cement, lime, plaster, lath, doors and windows. Big stock on hand. Will be sold at lowest reasonable prices.

H. Gutenberg Hdw.& Fur. Co.

Don't forget the change of program to night at the Star Theatre.

For iron beds of all kinds call on Christopherson & Leland.

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CHINESE IRON ORE FOR PUGET SOUND

Sunday's Seattle P.-I. gave a comprehensive account of a recent business transaction of vital interest to the entire Pacific Northwest. That paper told of the signing of a contract between the Western Steel Corporation of Irondale and the Hang Yang Steel Company of Hankoo, China, whereby millions of tons of Chinese iron ore are coming to the Sound. By the terms of the contract the Irondale company is to obtain 200,000 tons per annum of pig iron and iron ore from the China company.

The deal is regarded as one of unparalled importance to Irondale, the Olympic peninsula, and Puget sound in general The annual importation of such vast amounts of metal and ore from China will mean that the present lack of return cargoes for Seattle's Oriental fleet will be a thing of the past, that the present importation from China through the Puget sound customs district will be more than doubled, that this vast amount of new transpacific business will have all the effect of a powerful subsidy to existing or new lines, and that many big steamships will have to devote their time almost exclusively to the handling of this material.

One more immediate effect, as outlined in a statement given the P.-I. by President Moore, is that the steel corporation will at once enter upon new construction work at Irondale which will make the capacity of the steel plant there, within the ensuing two years, six times greater than its initial capacity will be when it opens about May 1 next.

Apropos to this, the Irondale News of last Saturday says that the reclamation work along Irondale's water front will be further extended. The initial undertaking was the reclaiming of a ten-acre area and this has been successfully accomplished, thereby materially increasing the available sites for manufactories along the bay front of the townsite. The monster dredge Tacoma is doing the work. The new fill will extend 1300 feet along the water front and will involve placing of nearly three hundred thousand cubic yards of earth—providing sites for industries, in connection with the great steel plant.

NOTICE OF LOCAL OPTION ELECTION

Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held within and for the incorporated city of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington, at N. R Smith's Building, Front street, in the First Ward; at Council Chambers in the Second Ward; Roods' Shop in the Third Ward; at Cabin on 6th, between Peabody and Vine, in the Fourth Ward; at Pringle's Cabin in the Fifth Ward, and at Old School House in the Sixth Ward, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1910, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 7 p. m., on said day, at which time will be submitted to the qualified electors of said City the question, "Shall the Sale of intoxicating Liquor be Licensed within the City of Port Angeles, County of Clallam, State of Washington?"

C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk.
Dated this 12th day of May, A. D., 1910.

Onion sets, three quarts for 25c at Port Angeles Grocery Co.'s store. toast, given by one of the substitutes, expresses the sentiments of all the guests:

SUMMONS.

No 2520.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

George Priest and Jennie Priest, husband and wife, Plaintiffs, vs. Warner Tobler, Defendant.

The State of Washington to the said Warner Tobler, Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to wit, within sixty (60) days after the 22nd day of April, 1910, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiffs, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiffs, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court.

That the object of this action is to foreclose a mortgage upon lots one (1), two (2) and three (3) in section five (5) Twp. twenty-nine (29) north, range three (3) west of Willamette Meridian, in Clallam County, Washington, and for other relief.

TRUMBULL & TRUMBULL,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
P. O. address, Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington.

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